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...cking in the praise of
...EATON'S
...LE CORDIAL
...ver fails to afford instantaneous re...
...It acts as if by magic, and ...
...you that what we say is true. It

...CRIC OR OPIATE
...relieves by removing the cause ...
...and by deadening its sensibilities ...
...relief as the only reliable prep...
...CHILDREN TEETHING, DIARRHŒA, ...
...THE BOWELS, ACIDITY OF THE STOM...
...HEAD, and CROUP, also, for asthm...
...consumption, regulating the Respi...
...to equal—being an anti-spasmodic ...
...success in all cases of CONVULSION ...
...for the life and health of your ...
...them from those sad and blighting ...
...ments to result from the use of hur...
...remedies for Infantile Complaints ...
...DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL ...
...It is perfectly harmless, and can...
...administrant. Price, 25 cents. Full ...
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CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 416 Broadway, New-York.

...GOD
...on being
...LYZED
...same essential elements, and ...
...CURE. Analyze the Blood of ...
...Consumption, Liver Complaint, ...
...we find in every instance cor...
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...EPARATIONS
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...Bronchitis, or any affection ...
...Lungs, inducing CONSUMPTION, ...
...No. for DEPRESSION OF SPIRITS, ...
...Chronic COMPLAINTS, arising ...
...ment, and NERVOUS PROSTRA...
...disease. No. 3 for DYSPEPSIA—...
...ription it is TAKEN BY DROPS ...
...the circulation, so that what ...
...4 is for FEMALE IRREGULARI...
...&c. See special directions for ...
...cases, Scrofulous) KIDNEY, ...
...No. 5. In all cases the di...
...ired. Price of the Blood Food ...
CHURCH & DUPONT,
...Broadway, New-York,
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...PANY—CHARTERED BY THE ...
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...and in any amount, large ...
...paid for money from the day ...
...back in gold, whenever it ...
...Executors, Administrators, ...
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...ND RENTS, and such other ...
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...from 9 till 6 o'clock, and on ...
...o'clock in the evening.
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...April 14th, '59-1y.

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...both male and ...
...ing the physiolo... ...
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...including all the new dis... ...
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...you place yourself under ...
...the quacks—native or for... ...
...any other paper, get a copy ...
...and read it carefully. It ...
...many a dollar, your health ...

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...Large assortment of Gold ...
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...hand (and made to order) su... ...
...Silver and Silver Plated ware, ...
...ment of such goods as fits ...
...ish and Jewelry Store. ...
...of those of the subscriber, ...
...ds, are invited to call, and ...
...their money. As I am ...
...goods will be sold very ...
...' is the motto of this ...
...WM. R. BROOMALL, ...
...formerly O. Conrad, ...
...corner of Quarry, Philada.

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...Crime and Criminals is to ...
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...the Great Trials, Criminal ...
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...num: $1 for six months, to ...
...should write their names ...
...where they reside plainly. ...
...MATSELL & CO., ...
...New York Police Gazette. ...
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...Private Sale ...
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...in Streets, ...
...and Two ...
...ing a Hall ...
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...ms on the second floor, ...
...order. ...
...ssings and obtain further ...
...ARGT. M. McCRUM.

INSURANCE
...Agent of the Blair ...
...Company, is at all ...
...damage by fire, Build... ...
...Property, of every des... ...
...reasonable rates as any ...
...in Hell, Johnston, Jack & ...
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...Insurance Company, is ...
...ers or damage by fire, ...
...and Property of every ...
...at as reasonable rates as ...
...in the Masonic Temple ...
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Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & DERN, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

VOL. 6. ALTOONA, PA., THURSDAY, MARCH 7, 1861. NO. 6

DR. KEYSER'S

PECTORAL SYRUP

CURES CONSUMPTION, CURES BRONCHITIS,

CURES COLDS, CURES ASTHMA,

CURES ALL DISEASES OF THE LUNGS.

I INVITE ATTENTION to some of the most extraordinary cures by my

PECTORAL SYRUP.

They are at home and any one who has doubts can inquire of the persons who have been cured by it.

DR. KEYSER IS PREPARED AT ANY TIME TO EXAMINE LUNGS, WITHOUT CHARGE, FOR ALL THOSE WHO NEED HIS MEDICINE.

ATTEND TO YOUR COLDS.—A case of five years standing cured by

DR. KEYSER'S

PECTORAL SYRUP.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 11th, 1860.

DR. KEYSER:—My wife has been afflicted with a bad cough and difficulty of breathing for five or six years, which for several years back had gradually increased in violence. The complaint has been hereditary, and she had been treated by several physicians without any relief. In this state of her case I procured some of your Pectoral Cough Syrup. I bought the first time a fifty cent bottle, which relieved her very much; I then called and got a dollar bottle, which cured her entirely, and she has now no trace of the former disease, except weakness. I would also state that I used the medicine myself to a cold and cough. The medicine cured me by taking one dose. I express my entire satisfaction with the medicine, and you are at liberty to publish this if you desire to do so.

WM. WILSON,
Alderman, Fifth Ward.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 18th, 1858.

DR. KEYSER:—Although not an advocate of Patent Medicine in general, it affords me great pleasure to recommend your Pectoral Syrup. As a medicine it is well worthy the attention of any person who may in any manner be affected with coughs, colds and hoarseness of any kind, and for the peculiar qualifications for removing all that disagreeable sensation attending a cold.

I have been more or less, in my life affected with the severest colds of hoarseness. At times my throat would become so closed as to prevent my speaking above a whisper, and by taking a few doses of the above Syrup it would relieve me entirely.

In recommending this medicine, I must unhesitatingly say that it is the best medicine I ever found, purporting to cure the above; nor should any family be without this remedy for diseases so prevalent.

Yours, most respectfully,
EDWARD J. JONES.
Cashier, Citizens' Deposit Bank.

STEUBENVILLE, O., March 14th, 1859.

I have used Dr. Keyser's Cough Syrup for a bad cough of several years standing, and can cheerfully say it is the best medicine for the same that I have ever taken.

J. W. PRICE.

COL. PRATT AND DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP.—DR. KEYSER—Dear Sir: Excuse the delay of my acknowledging the excellence of your Pectoral Syrup sooner. I take great pleasure in saying that it is all you say it is. IT KNOCKED THE NOISE OUT OF MY COUGH, and the worst one I was ever afflicted with; I have not used more than one half of the bottle, and can and do wish that all who are afflicted would give it as fair a trial as I have done, and they will be proud to say, "It is no quack medicine." I would not suffer another such an attack for any consideration, or at any cost. I am confident I can breathe more freely than I ever did. I shall always acknowledge a debt of gratitude for inventing so excellent a remedy.—You are at liberty to use my name in this regard, as you think proper.

E. F. PRATT.
Messenger, Common Council, Pittsburgh, Pa.

PITTSBURG, May 11th, 1859.

N. B.—I am no stranger to my fellow citizens, and all who entertain doubts can consult me personally.

E. F. P.

READ THE TRUTH—DR. KEYSER: I have a daughter who has taken several medicines for a bad cough, who has taken several medicines for a bad cough, without benefit—among them Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I purchased from you a bottle of your PECTORAL SYRUP, and before she had used half a bottle she was relieved. The second bottle cured her entirely of her cough.

JOHN DARIN,
Robison street, Allegheny.

PITTSBURG, December 31st, 1853.

A GREAT CURE BY DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP.—I live in Peebles township, Allegheny county.—I had a coughing and spitting, which commenced about the 4th of February last, and continued eight months. I employed the best physicians in the country, and my cough continued unabated until early in October. At that time I was advised to try your PECTORAL SYRUP, which I did, and after I had taken one bottle I was entirely free from the coughing and spitting. I had despaired of ever getting well, and I think it should be known that this valuable remedy will do for others what it has done in my case.

JOHN C. LITTLE, Peebles township.
Witness—B. M. KERR.

PATTON TOWNSHIP, April 14th, 1857.

A WONDERFUL CURE.—Some time ago, an old neighbor of mine was very ill with a bad cough which every one supposed to be consumption. His relatives told me he had taken every remedy they heard of without benefit; his brother came to see him die, and all were confirmed in the belief that he could not live. I had about the third of a bottle of your Pectoral Syrup, which I gave him, and it entirely cured him, to the astonishment of all. What makes the case more remarkable, is the extreme age of the man, he being about eighty years old. I have no doubt the Pectoral saved his life.

JOHN M'GINNIS.

DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP IN BLAIRSVILLE.—Please send me another supply of your valuable "Pectoral Syrup." Almost everybody around us has the cold and are inquiring for "Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup." We have sold sixteen bottles last week, and are now entirely out. Mr. Altar and Mr. P. Maher, both of Blairsville, Pa., tell us they would not be without it in their families. In fact, all who use it once want it again.

J. S. WATTERSON & SON'S.

January 30th, 1860.

ANOTHER NEW CERTIFICATE—DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP.—I have been troubled with a cough and cold for several weeks—so bad was it that I could not sleep. I had the advice and prescriptions from three of the best physicians in the city, whom I could name, but do not do so. I finally procured a bottle of your Pectoral Syrup, which cured me entirely. Signed,

J. W. SIMONTON,
236 Liberty St., Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 9th, 1860.

"STOP THAT COUGHING."—"How can I do it?"—"Go to Keyser's on Wood street and get a bottle of his Cough Pectoral, and if that don't cure you, your case must be desperate indeed." This is a specimen of the colloquy one hears almost every day in cold catching seasons of the year. As we can, from actual experiment, cheerfully concur in the adviser's admonition as above, for we have tried the "Pectoral" in a most stubborn case, with entire success. Near two weeks ago we went to Pittsburg with one of the most distressing contrary, mulish, unsubdunable coughs we have ever experienced since our advent upon this mundane sphere. We coughed steadily and laboriously for one whole week, in hopes of tiring it out, but it was no go. In fact it seemed rather to improve by practice and to have acquired strength, potency and distressibility by the operation. In this state of the siege, we coughed our way to Keyser's, 140 Wood street, procured a fifty cent bottle of the Pectoral, took it according to directions, and in forty-eight hours we were master of the field, the enemy having unconditionally surrendered after a brief but unequal conflict with so formidable an adversary as Keyser's Cough Pectoral.—Brownsville Clipper, Dec. 14th, 1859.

DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP is prepared and sold by DR. GEO. H. KEYSER,
140 Wood street, Pittsburg, Pa.

TOOTHACHE REMEDY.—

A SURE CURE.

Prepared and sold by DR. G. H. KEYSER,
140 Wood street, Pittsburg.

Price 25 cents, for sale by G. W. KESSLER, Altoona. Altoona, Jan. 31, 1861—3mis

THE

ONLY DISCOVERY

Worthy of any Confidence

FOR RESTORING

THE BALD AND GRAY.

Many, since the great discovery of Prof. Wood, have attempted not only to imitate his restorative, but profess to have discovered something that would produce results identical; but they have all come and gone, being carried away by the wonderful results of Prof. Wood's preparation, and have been forced to leave the field to its resistless sway.—Read the following:—

BATH, Me., April 18th, 1859.

Prof. O. J. Wood & Co.: Gents:—The letter I wrote you in 1856 concerning your valuable Hair Restorative, and which you have published in this vicinity and elsewhere, has given rise to numerous inquiries touching the facts in the case. The enquiries are, first, is it a fact of my habitation and name, as stated in the communication; second, is it true of all therein contained; third, does my hair still continue to be in good order and of natural color? To all I can and do answer invariably yes. My hair is even better than in any stage of my life for 40 years past, more soft, thrifty and better colored; the same is true of my whiskers, and the only cause why it is not generally true, is that the substance is washed off by frequent ablution of the face, when if care were used by wiping the face in close connection with the whiskers, the same result will follow as the hair. I have been in the receipt of a great number of letters from all parts of New England, asking me if my hair and whiskers continues to be good; it is much used in the manufacture and sale of various compounds as well as this, it has, no doubt, been basely imitated and been used not only without any good effect, but to absolute injury.—I have not used any of your Restorative of any account for some months, and yet my hair is as good as ever, and hundreds have examined it with surprise, as I am now 61 years old and not a gray hair in my head or on my face; and to prove this fact, I send you a lock of my hair taken off the past week. I received your favor of two quart bottles last summer, for which I am very grateful. I gave it to my friends and thereby induced them to try it, many were skeptical until after trial, and then purchased and used it with universal success. I will ask as a favor, that you send me a test by which I can discover fraud in the Restorative, sold by many, I fear, without authority from you. A pure article will insure success, and I believe where good effects do not follow, the failure is caused by the impure article, which curses the inventor of the good. I deem it my duty as heretofore, to keep you apprised of the continued effect on my hair, as I assure all who enquire of me of my unshaken opinion of its valuable results. I remain, dear sir, yours,

A. C. RAYMOND.

AARONS RUN, Ky., Nov. 30, 1858.

PROF. O. J. WOOD: Dear Sir.—I would certainly be doing you a great injustice not to make known to the world, the wonderful, as well as unexpected result I have experienced from using one bottle of your Hair Restorative. After using every kind of Restoratives extant, but without success, and finding my head nearly destitute of hair, I was finally induced to try a bottle of your Hair Restorative. Now, candor and justice compel me to announce to whoever may read this, that I now possess a new and beautiful growth of hair, which I pronounce richer and handsomer than the original was. I will therefore take occasion to recommend this invaluable remedy to ALL who may feel the necessity of it. Resp'y you s,

REV. S. ALLEN BROCK.

P. S.—This testimonial of my approbation for your valuable medicine (as you are aware of) is unsolicited, but if you think it worthy a place among the rest, insert if you wish; if not destroy and say nothing.

Yours, &c., Rev S A B.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz: large, medium and small; the small holds ½ a pint and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium is held at least twenty per cent more in proportion than the small, retails for two dollars per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent. more in proportion and retails for $3 a bottle. O J WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo. And said by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. [Dec. 6, '60 3m

ROHRER'S
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PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.
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ROHRER'S PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.

A Book of Plain Rules and Calculations for Business Operations, by Martin M. Rohrer, Practical Surveyor and Conveyancer. New Edition, published by J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia.

This work contains 204 pages, and upwards of 500 Rules and Examples, entirely and thoroughly practical, such as arise every day in the common pursuits of Business. It has already passed through a number of editions in rapid succession, and is pronounced by all classes of business men to be the handiest book of reference, pertaining to calculations, that has ever been published.

Any example in the book is worked out in full and stated in a plain manner, so that when a parallel case arises, those referring to the work will find no difficulty in solving it; in a word, the general arrangement of the CALCULATOR is simple, that any one who knows how to add, subtract, multiply and divide, can easily solve any ordinary example that arises in business, or arrive at the true result of any estimate required.

The chief aim of the author has been to eschew theory and philosophy in figures, aiming only at facts and simplicity, believing that business men can ill afford spending time in discussing the philosophy of rules, or the science of figures, deeming it sufficient for their purpose to be able at a moment, by reference, to arrive at the true result. The CALCULATOR differs in this respect from all other Arithmetics of the day, and has indeed worked it is a key to practical business calculations—it is, in the hands of the business man, what the key to mathematical works is in the hands of the teacher in the school room—it facilitates time and insures correctness.

THE WORK TREATS OF THE

Measurement of Land, of Lumber, of Brick and Brick Work, of stone and stone work, of grain and grain bins, of coal and coal bins, of wood, of solids, of liquids, of circular, square or irregular vessels, of cisterns and vats, of roofing, of plasterer's, painter's, glazier's, paver's, plumber's, paper hanger's and upholsterers' work. It treats of currency and of foreign and domestic exchange, of the decimal system, of reduction and its extended application to business, of simple and compound interest, and their entire application to business transactions, with the laws and usages governing and regulating the same, together with numerous commercial forms—of legal tender, of partial payment on notes, of banking and bank discount, of equation of payment and of partnership accounts, of assessment of taxes, of weights and measures, of square and cubic measure, of the square root and its application to business of surfaces, of excavation, and of many other important practical matters not within the scope of an advertisement to mention.

IT IS JUST THE BOOK FOR THE

Farmer, the merchant, the mechanic, the artizan, or the professional man. It has proven a valuable auxiliary to the lawyer, the justice of the peace, the conveyancer, and real estate broker, to the assessor, the banker, the clerk, to the civil engineer and the surveyor, to the carpenter and bricklayer, to the stonemason and the plasterer, to the paper hanger and upholsterer, to the paver and the tiler, &c., &c.; each and all will find it adapted to their various wants better than any book published.

☞ Mailed (post paid) to any part of the United States, upon receipt of the money. Price of a single copy, in cloth, 60 cents, or two copies for $1,00. Bound in pocket-book form, morocco, $1,00 per copy.

Address, M. M. ROHRER,
Dec 6, 1861-6m.] Box 1911 Philadelphia P. O., Pa.

"Opposition the Life of Trade."

This is true of almost every business, and the subscriber subscribing to that doctrine has opened a store in the Diack's new building, on Virginia street, a few doors below Annie street, where he has on hand a fine assortment of

HATS AND CAPS

of the latest and most fashionable styles, for men and boys,

BONNETS AND FLATS

FOR LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN,

Gloves, Hosiery, Ready-Made Shirts,

COLLARS FOR GENTS AND LADIES,

TRIMMINGS AND NOTIONS OF ALL KINDS,

STATIONARY, INK, PENS, &c., &c

He invites a call, determined, by selling at a small profit and returning value for money, to merit patronage.

Dec. 6, '60.-tf. JOHN McCLELLAND.

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, Trusses and Shoulder Braces for sale at
1-tf. G. W. KESSLER'S.

PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC Paint, also Chrome Green, Yellow, Paris Green, dry or ground oil at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S

GLASS 8x10 TO 20x24, AND CUT to order by G. W. KESSLER.

GREAT WORK ON THE HORSE.—THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES: By ROBERT JENNINGS, V. S., Professor of Pathology and Operative Surgery in the Veterinary College of Philadelphia, etc., etc.

Will Tell You of the Origin, History and distinctive traits of the various breeds of European, Asiatic, African and American Horses, with the physical formation and peculiarities of the animal, and how to ascertain his age by the number and condition of his teeth; illustrated with numerous explanatory engravings

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES

Will Tell You of Breeding, Breaking, Stabling, Feeding, Grooming, Shoeing, and the general management of the horse, with the best modes of administering medicine, also, how to treat biting, kicking, rearing, shying, stumbling, crib biting, restlessness, and other vices to which he is subject; with numerous explanatory engravings.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES

Will Tell You of the causes, symptoms, and treatment of strangles, sore throat, distemper, catarrh, influenza, bronchitis, pneumonia, pleurisy, broken wind, chronic cough, roaring and whistling, lampas, sore mouth and ulcers, and decayed teeth, with other diseases of the mouth and respiratory organs.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES

Will Tell You of the causes, symptoms and treatment of worms, bots, colic, strangulation, stony concretions, ruptures, palsy, diarrhœa, jaundice, hepatirrhœa, bloody urine, stones in the kidneys and bladder, inflammation and other diseases of the Stomach, bowels, liver and urinary organs.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES

Will Tell You of the causes, symptoms and treatment of bone, blood and bog, spavin, sweenie, ringbone, string, broken knees, wind galls, founder, solo bruise and gravel, cracked hoofs, scratches, canker, thrush and corns; also, of megrims, vertigo, epilepsy, staggers and other diseases of the feet, legs and head.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES

Will Tell You of the causes, symptoms and treatment of fistula, bull evil, glanders, farcy, scarlet fever, mange, surfeit, locked jaw, rheumatism, cramp, galls, diseases of the eye and heart, &c., &c., &c., and how to manage castration, bleeding, trephinning, roweling, firing, hernia, amputation, tapping, and other surgical operations.

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Will Tell You of Rarey's method of taming horses; how to approach, halter, or stable a colt; how to accustom a horse to strange sounds and sights, and how to bit, saddle, ride and break him to harness; also, the form and law of WARRANTY. The whole being the result of more than fifteen years' careful study of the habits, peculiarities, wants and weaknesses of this noble and useful animal.

The book contains 384 pages, appropriately illustrated by nearly One Hundred Engravings. It is printed in a clear and open type, and will be furnished to any address, postage paid, on receipt of price, half bound, $1,00, or, in cloth, extra, $1,25.

$1000 A YEAR can be made by enterprising men everywhere, in selling the above, and other popular works of ours. Our inducements to all such being exceedingly liberal.

For single copies of the book, or for terms to agents, with other information, apply to or address

JOHN E. POTTER, Publisher,
Nov. 8.-6m No. 617 Sansom Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE PEOPLE'S COOK BOOK.—MODERN COOKERY in all its branches, by Miss ELIZA ACTON. Carefully revised by Mrs. S. J. HALE.

It Tells You How to choose all kinds of meat, poultry, and game, with all the various and most approved modes of dressing and cooking beef and pork; also the best and simplest way of salting, pickling and curing the same.

It Tells You All the various and most approved modes of dressing, cooking, and boning mutton, lamb, veal, poultry, and game of all kinds, with the different dressings, gravies, and stuffings appropriate to each.

It Tells You How to choose, clean, and preserve Fish of all kinds, and how to sweeten it when tainted; also all the various and most approved modes of cooking, with the different dressings, sauces and flavorings appropriate to each.

It Tells You All the various and most approved modes of preparing over fifty different kinds of Meat, Fish, Fowl, Game, and Vegetable Soups, Broths, and Stews, with the Relishes and Seasonings appropriate to each.

It Tells You All the various and most approved modes of cooking Vegetables of every description, also how to prepare Pickles, Catsups and Curries of all kinds, Potted Meats, Fish, Game, Mushrooms, &c.

It Tells You All the various and most approved modes of preparing and cooking all kinds of Plain and Fancy Pastry, Puddings, Omelettes, Fritters, Cakes, Confectionary, Preserves, Jellies, and Sweet Dishes of every description.

It Tells You All the various and most approved modes of making Bread, Rusks, Muffins, and Biscuit, the best method of preparing coffee, Chocolate, and Tea, and how to make Syrups, Cordials, and Wines of various kinds.

It Tells You How to set out and ornament a Table, how to Carve all kinds of Fish, Flesh or Fowl, and in short, how to so simplify the whole Art of Cooking as to bring the choicest luxuries of the table within everybody's reach.

The book contains 418 pages, and upwards of twelve hundred Recipes, all of which are the results of actual experience, having been fully and carefully tested under the personal superintendence of the writers. It is printed in a clear and open type, is illustrated with appropriate engravings, and will be forwarded to any address, neatly bound, and postage paid, on receipt of the price, $1,00, or in cloth, extra, $1,25.

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For single copies of the Book, or for terms to agents, with other information, apply to or address

JOHN E. POTTER, Publisher,
No. 617 Sansom Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Nov. 7, '60.-6m.

CONFECTIONERY

AND OYSTER SALOON.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD INFORM the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that his CONFECTIONERY, NUT and FRUIT STORE, is always supplied with the very best articles to be had, and in great variety. He has also an

OYSTER SALOON

attached to his store, in which he will serve up PRIME OYSTERS, in all styles.

He has always on hand a lot of

CHOICE MINCE MEAT.

He is at all times prepared to supply cakes, candies, &c., for pic-nics and other parties. He invites a share of public patronage, believing that he can render full satisfaction to all.

Remember, his store and saloon is on Virginia street, two doors below Patton's Hall. OTTO ROSSI.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—THE UNDERSIGNED has now on hand and will sell cheap at his store in the Masonic Temple, a large and complete assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES, ready made, or made to order, Overshoes, Ladies' Sandals, Gum Shoes, Cork Soles, and everything in his line of business, of the best quality and on the most reasonable terms. All custom work warranted.

J. SAOEMAKER.

The Root and Herb Doctor,

OF PHILADELPHIA, HAS LEFT for the Rocky Mountains, for a new supply of Roots. He will return again and can be consulted at John Wood's Hotel, Altoona, on the 21st day of November and on the 19th day of December. Also, one day in each month for several months thereafter, notice of which will be given in this paper. DR. W. LIVINGSTON.

Sept. 20, 1860.

LEVI'S PREPARATION FOR EXterminating RATS, MICE, ROACHES, ANTS, and Bed-bugs without danger in its use under any circumstances for sale at the Drug Store of G. W. KESSLER.
Jan. 24, '56-tf]

FOR SALE.—A HOUSE AND LOT, desirably located in the Borough of Altoona. Apply to JOHN SHOEMAKER.
Altoona, Feb. 9, 1860-tf.

TWO SMALL HOUSES AND LOTS for sale. Apply to JOHN SHOEMAKER.
Sept. 20, 1860-tf. At the Post Office.

ALL THE STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES AT 1-tf. KESSLER'S.

THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

E. B. McCRUM,.....H. C. DERN,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

Per annum, (payable invariably in advance,)..... $1,50.
All papers discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for.

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Business notices five cents per line for every insertion.

Obituary notices exceeding ten lines, fifty cents a square.

Select Poetry.

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW.

A rosebud blossomed in my bower,
A bird sang in my garden;
The rosebud was its fairest flower,
The bird its gentlest warden.
And a child beside the linden tree
Sang "Think no more of sorrow;
But let us smile and sing to-day,
For we must weep to-morrow."

I asked the bird, "Oh didst thou hear
The song that she would sing thee?
And can it be that thou shouldst fear,
What the next morn may bring thee?"
He answered with triumphant strain,
Saying, "I know not sorrow;
But I must sing my best to-day,
For I may die to-morrow!"

I asked the rose, "Oh, tell me, sweet,
In thy first beauty's dawning,
Thou canst not fear, from this retreat,
The coming of the morning?"
She flung her fragrant leaves apart,
The lovelier for her sorrow.
Saying, "Yet I must bloom to-day,
For I may droop to-morrow."

I said, "The bloom upon my cheek
Is fleeting as the roses;
My voice no more shall sing nor speak,
When dust in dust reposes;
And from these soulless monitors
One lesson I may borrow—
That we should smile and sing to-day,
For we may weep to-morrow."

Select Miscellany.

Esther McDowell--A Singular Story.

J. F. Meginnis in his history of the North Branch Valley relates the following history of a successful imposition practiced upon the people of Jersey Shore, in 1803.

About the year 1803, a remarkable circumstance transpired at the upper end of the borough of Jersey Shore, well remembered by all the old people living at that time. Pine trees, in considerable numbers, were then standing upon the spot I now speak of. An old Dutchman, named Martin Reese, had built a cabin near where the public road crosses the canal, on the farm now owned by Mark Slonaker, Esq., and made some improvements. Rising very early one frosty morning in October, he was surprised to find a beautiful female in a state of nudity, with her hands tied behind her back, and a gag over her mouth, standing in front of his cabin, against a tree. He relieved her from her uncomfortable position as soon as possible, and tendered her the hospitalities of his humble cabin. She appeared to be completely chilled through with cold, and could scarcely speak for some time. On recovering sufficient strength she related that he had been traveling on horseback from her father's house in Montreal, to visit an uncle that resided in Kentucky, in charge of a young man named Benjamin Connett who was sent expressly to attend her. But having a large amount of gold in her possession, an evil spirit prompted him to rob her; and in a lonely spot near Pine Creek, he presented a pistol to her breast, compelling her to dismount and deliver up what money she possessed; when he immediately stripped her, tied her in this shameful condition, to starve with hunger or be devoured by wild beasts. She had remained in that condition nearly all night, when after the most desperate struggles, she had released herself and made her way to the cabin. After being refreshed, she willingly went with the family to the spot, and pointed out the place where she had been tied, and the path she had beaten round the tree trying to free herself.

There was something artless in her appearance; and her modest demeanor and delicate frame, left no doubt in the minds of those who saw her, that her statements were true, and that she had been foully dealt with. She appeared to be overwhelmed with distress at the thought of her situation among strangers. She gave her name as Esther McDowell.

Rev. Mr. Grier, father of Judge Grier of the Supreme Court, resided close by, and took her into his family, and kindly provided for her wants. A great deal of sympathy was excited in her behalf, and the neighbors vied with each other in making her presents of clothing. Several gentlemen, now living, presented her with valuable silk dresses, and other articles, which she accepted, and kindly thanked them for their liberality.

Meanwhile the news spread throughout the country, and the public indignation was highly excited against the villain Connett. Handbills, offering a reward for his apprehension, were put in circulation, and the chivalry of the West Branch started in all directions, to look for the scoundrel. He had twenty-four hours start, however, and being well mounted, eluded all observations and effected his escape.

The artless girl remained in the neighborhood, caressed and entertained by the sympathizing people, who could not do enough to alleviate her wants. Her manners were so simple, her actions so lady-like and refined, and her description of the thief so minute, that no doubt was left of her being badly treated. Letters in the meantime were dispatched to her father at Montreal, but weeks elapsed and no answer came. Still the public confidence in her was unshaken.

The intelligence having spread far and near, strangers flocked in great numbers to see her, and lead her with presents.—Being at the hotel kept by Duffies, at Larry's Creek, a gentleman named Hutchison, from Milton, called to see her. She eyed him closely, and seemed to keep shy of him, which attracted his attention, and he thought he detected something familiar in her countenance. He requested to have some private conversation with her which she positively refused, when he exclaimed, calling her by name—'I believe you are the identical young man that once worked for me in Milton as a journeyman tailor!' This was a poser, and she became greatly excited; which aroused a suspicion among the people that she *might* be an impostor. And such she untimately proved to be.—The pretty Esther McDowell had deceived and humbugged them in a shameful manner, and *never* was robbed as she represented.

A bundle of men's clothing had also been found near the spot where she was found, secreted in a hollow log, which went to confirm the suspicion. At length she confessed that such was the fact—that she had been playing the impostor; being of a romantic turn of mind, she had actually passed herself off as a young man, and worked as a journeyman tailor.

It was now remembered that a young man, answering her description, had crossed the White Deer Mountains into Nippenose Valley, and staid over night with the family of a farmer. The evening of that day she (he) came to the house of Joseph Antes, Esq., where Major McMicken now resides, and he ferried her over the river, when she doffed her male attire and shook herself in the position in which she was found.

Whatever became of her is not distinctly known, though it is asserted that she left the country soon afterwards, and went to the West under another name, where she shortly afterwards married; and became a highly respectable woman.

The case of Esther McDowell afforded much amusement for many years among the people, and when the subject is broached, to the old people of the present day, their pithfulness is at once excited, and they recount the circumstance of being so nicely humbugged with considerable gusto.

Some of the Institutions of a Printing Office.

THE DEVIL.

The "Devil" is an institution by and of himself. He inks the type, or turns the crank, or "lays on the sheets." (Other people sometimes do the latter.) If it were not for him the paper would not "come out." He sweeps out the office. He builds the fire—an appropriate work for a fiend—and swears because some one has "hooked the kindlings!" He does the "chores at the house." He "quiets the baby." Yet his most important duty is to keep watch on the street corner so as to be able to inform the editor when the *sheriff is after him!*

With all this, the "Devil" shoulders all the bad or smutty jokes of the editor. When the mighty man of the pen is ashamed of an expression, and still desires to utter it, he says, "our Devil says thus and so," and the poor "Devil" has to stand it!

Nevertheless, the "Devil" is an important personage in society. He attends lectures. He frequents concerts, shows, and the opera; but—I say it more in sorrow than in anger—he seldom attends church! He presents himself at the ticket office of the "show," with his "linen" reversed by way of a change, (for he seldom possesses more than a single shirt,) as a "member of the Press," and so presses his claims that he is admitted without the accustomed quarter. Indeed he gives the ticket agent no quarter until he is admitted without the quarter. But our young friend is not alone. He is too much of a gallant for that. His "woman" is with him, and he and his "woman" pass in and enjoy the entertainment, which, whatever it may be, is taken down in doses alternated with peanuts and tobacco. For the "Devil" chews as well as smokes and spits profusely upon carpet swhen he gets within reach of them.

I never heard of a Printer's Devil who had "risen in life," but I do the class the justice to say that, to my knowledge, none of them have fallen very low. Some of these "Devil's" have decended to be mayor's of cities. Some of them have even let themselves down into congressmen.—But I never knew one to degrade himself so low as to become a President of the United States.

So much for the "Devil" I know the "animal" I've been there myself. "Bully for him."

NEVER DO TOO MUCH AT A TIME.—Sir Edward Bulwer Lytton, in a lecture recently delivered gave the following history of his literaly habits:—"Many persons, seeing me so much engaged in active life, and as much about the world as if I had never been a student, have said to me, 'When did you get time to write all your books? How on earth do you contrive to do so much work?' I shall surprise you by the answer I make. The answer is this:—'I contrive to do so much by not doing too much at a time. A man, to get through work well, must not overwork himself, or, if he do too much to day, the reaction of fatigue will come, and he will be obliged to do too little to-morrow. Now, since I began really and earnestly to study, which was not till I had left college, and was actually in the world, I may perhaps say I have gone through as large a course of general reading as most men of my time. I have traveled much, and I have seen much; I have mixed much in politics, and the various business of life; and, in addition to all this, I have published about sixty volumes, some upon subjects requiring much research. And what time do you think, as a general rule, I have devoted to study—to reading and writing? Not more than three hours a day; and when Parliament is siting, not always that. But then, during those hours I have given my whole attention to what I was about.'"

BEAUTIFUL ANSWERS.—A pupil of the Abbe Sicord gave the following extraordinary answers:

"What is gratitude?"

"Gratitude is the memory of the heart."

"What is hope?"

"Hope is the blossom of happiness."

"What is the difference between hope and desire?"

"Desire is a tree in leaf, hope is a tree in flower, and enjoyment is a tree in f

The Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA, PA.

THURSDAY, MARCH 7, 1861.

☞ Where parties are unknown to us, our rule for advertising is to require payment in advance, or a guarantee from known persons. It is therefore useless for all such to send us advertisements offering to pay at the end of three or six months. Where advertisements are accompanied with the money, whether one, five or ten dollars, we will give the advertiser the full benefit of cash rates.

S. M. PETTINGILL & CO.,

Advertising Agents, 119 Nassau street, New York, and 10 State street, Boston, are the Agents for the *Altoona Tribune*, and the most influential and largest circulating Newspapers in the United States and the Canadas. They are authorized to contract for us at our *lowest rates*.

ZOUAVE CADETS.—We learn that there are now some 32 names on the roll of members of the Zouave Cadets about to be started in this place. They hold a meeting in Lowther's Hall on Saturday evening next, to transact important business, where all who desire to join the company are invited to attend.

☞ The *Ladies' Home Magazine* for March has been received and its contents inspected and found to be of the first-class. The engravings are equal to the best and the literary contributions from the best authors in the country. Any lady who wishes a good cheap magazine can not fail to be pleased with this work. Price $1.00 per annum, in advance. Address T. S. Arthur & Co., Philadelphia.

☞ The "*Farmer and Gardener*," and the "*American Bee Journal*," for March have been received. These standard publication are issued by A. M. Spangler & Co., 25 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia, at prices which place them within the reach of every Farmer and Apiarian. Both of them, together with a handsome Premium Book, are furnished at $1.50 per annum.—This we believe to be cheaper than any similar publications in the country, and ought to secure for them an immense circulation. Those who desire to see them can obtain specimen copies without charge, by addressing the publishers as above.

☞ The plan of adjustment adopted by the Peace Conference lately in session in Washington, was brought before the U. S. Senate at its last session on Monday morning last, and was voted down by the decisive vote of 7 yeas to 28 nays. The plan of adjustment agreed upon by the Committee of 33, with Corwin's amendment, which we publish in another column, was adopted by a vote of 24 yeas to 12 nays. The vote on the Crittenden resolutions was 19 yeas to 20 nays. From the summary manner in which the Senate disposed of the Peace Conference proposition, we infer that the effort of that body at Union-saving was not of much avail.

☞ Presuming that our readers are more anxious to see and read the Inaugural of President Lincoln than anything else we could give them, we have published it entire this week. The effect of that document will be immediate and important, and therefore all should read it carefully. So far as we have heard opinions expressed with reference to it, either by conservative friends or opponents, they have been favorable. Of course there are ultra men in all parties who will be dissatisfied—some because it does not favor coercion, and others because it does not give up everything to the South. In our opinion it is constitutional, and the President will be sustained by the Union men North and South.

THE LATEST.—*Washington, March 5.*—President Abraham Lincoln performed his first official act to-day by nominating to the Senate, for confirmation, Mr. Seward, of New York, for Secretary of State; Mr. Bates, of Missouri, for Attorney General; and Mr. Welles, of Connecticut, for Postmaster General.

The advices from the South to-day look decidedly warlike. From Virginia the news encourages the opinion that that State will not secede—at least immediately.

The big office-seekers have visited Mr. Lincoln this morning. Over twenty clerks from the Gulf States resigned to-day. There are plenty to take their places.

THREATENING LETTERS.—Numbers of threatening letters are still sent to Mr. Lincoln by cowardly enemies, who may be interested in knowing, says a *Tribune* dispatch, that their mean missives are quietly consigned to the flames, without giving the least concern to the person most interested, or being any longer a source of annoyance to his family, who are not permitted to see them.

INAUGURAL MESSAGE
OF
PRESIDENT LINCOLN.

Fellow Citizens of the United States:—In compliance with a custom as old as the Government itself, I appear before you to address you briefly, and to take, in your presence, the oath prescribed by the Constitution of the United States to be taken by the President before he enters on the execution of his office. I do not consider it necessary, at present, for me to discuss those matters of administration about which there is no special anxiety or excitement. Apprehension seems to exist among the people of the Southern States that, by the accession of a Republican administration, their property and their peace and personal security are to be endangered. There never has been any reason or cause for such apprehension. Indeed, the most ample evidence to the contrary has all the while existed, and been open to their inspection. It is found in nearly all the published speeches of him who now addresses you. I do but quote from one of those speeches when I declare to you that I have no purpose, directly or indirectly, to interfere with the institution of slavery in the States where it exists. I believe I have no lawful right to do so, and I have no inclination to do so. Those who nominated and elected me did so with the full knowledge that I had made this and many similar declarations, and had never recanted them; and more than this, they placed in the platform for my acceptance, as a law to themselves and to me, the clear and emphatic resolution which I now read: "*Resolved*, That the maintenance, inviolate, of the rights of the States, and especially the right of each State to order and control its own domestic institutions according to its own judgment, exclusively, is essential to that balance of power on which the perfection and endurance of our political fabric depends, and we denounce the lawless invasion by an armed force of the soil of any State or Territory, no matter under what pretext, as among the gravest of crimes." I now reiterate these sentiments, and in doing so, I only press upon the public attention the most conclusive evidence of which the case is susceptible, that the property, peace and security of no section are to be in any wise endangered by the incoming administration. I add too that all the protection which, consistently with the Constitution and the Laws, can be given, will be cheerfully given to all the States when lawfully demanded, for whatever cause, as cheerfully to one section as to another.—There is much controversy about the delivering of fugitives from service or labor. The clause I now read is as plainly written in the Constitution as any other of its provisions: "No person held to service or labor in one State, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulations therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due." It is scarcely questioned that this provision was intended by those who made it, for the reclaiming of what we call fugitive slaves, and the intention of the law giver is the law. All members of Congress swear their support to the whole Constitution, to this provision, as much as to any other. To the proposition then, that slaves whose cases come within the terms of this clause, and "shall be delivered up," their oaths are unanimous.—Now, if they would make the effort in good temper, could they not, with nearly equal unanimity, frame and pass a law, by means of which to keep good that unanimous oath? There is some difference of opinion whether this clause should be enforced, by national or State authority, but surely that difference is not a very material one, if the slave is to be surrendered, it can be of but little consequence to him or to others by which authority it is done, and should any one, in any case, be content that his oath shall go unkept on a merely unsubstantial controversy as to how it shall be kept? Again, in any law upon this subject, ought not all the safeguards of liberty known in civilized and humane jurisprudence to be introduced, so that a freeman may not be in any case surrendered as a slave. And might it not be well at the same time, to provide by law for the enforcement of that clause in the Constitution which guarantees that "the citizens of each State shall be entitled to all the privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States." I take the official oath to-day, with no mental reservation and with no purpose to construe the Constitution or laws by any hypocritical rules, and while I do not choose now to specify particular acts to Congress as proper to be enforced, I do suggest that it will be much safer for all in official and private stations, to conform to, and abide by, all those acts which stand unrepealed, than to violate any of them, trusting to find impunity in having them held to be unconstitutional.

It is scarcely 72 years since the first inauguration of a President under our national Constitution. During that period fifteen different and greatly distinguished citizens have in succession administered the executive branch of the Government. They have conducted it through many perils, and generally with great success; yet with all this scope for precedent, I now enter upon the same task for the brief Constitutional term of four years, under great and peculiar difficulties. A disruption of the Federal Union, heretofore only menaced, is now formidably attempted. I hold that in contemplation of the universal law, and of the Constitution, the Union of these States is perpetual. Perpetuity is implied, if not expressed, in the fundamental law of all national governments. It is safe to assert that government proper has never had a provision in its organic law for its own termination. It shall continue to execute all the express provisions of our National Constitution, and the Union will endure forever, it being impossible to destroy it, except by some action not provided for in the instrument itself. Again, if the United States be not a Government proper, but an association of States in the nature of a contract merely; can it be peaceably unmade by less than all the parties who made it? One party to a contract may violate it or break it, so to speak, but does it not require all to lawfully rescind it? Descending from these general principles, we find the proposition that in a legal contemplation of the case, the Union is perpetually confirmed by the history of the Union itself. The Union is much older than the Constitution. It was formed, in part, by the articles of Association in 1774. It was matured and continued by the Declaration of Independence in the year 1776. It was further matured, and the faith of all the then thirteen States, expressly plighted and engaged that it should be perpetual by the articles of Confederation in 1778, and finally in 1789. One of the declared objects for ordaining and establishing the constitution was to form a more perfect union; but if the destruction of the Union by one or by a part only of the States, be lawfully possible, the Union is less than before the Constitution having lost the vital element of of perpetuity. It follows from these views that no State upon its own mere motion can lawfully get out of the Union, that resolves and ordinances to that effect are legally void, and that acts of violence within any States or State against the authority of the United States are insurrectionary or revolutionary according to circumstances.

I therefore consider that, in view of the Constitution and laws, the Union is unbroken, and to the extent of my ability I shall take care, as the Constitution itself expressly enjoins on me, that the laws of the Union be faithfully executed in all the States. Doing this I deem to be only a simple duty on my part, and I shall perform it so far as practicale, unless my rightful masters, the American people, shall withhold the requisite means, or in some authoritative manner direct the contrary. I trust this will not be considered as a menace, but only as the declared purpose of the Union that it will constitutionally defend and maintain itself. In doing this there need be no bloodshed or violence, and there shall be none unless it be forced upon the national authority. The power confided to me will be used to hold, occupy and possess the property and places belonging to the Government, and to collect duties on imports; but beyond what may be necessary for these objects, there will be no invasion, no using of force against or among the people anywhere. Where hostility to the United States, in any interior locality, shall be so great, and so universal, as to prevent competent resident citizens from holding federal offices, there will be no attempt to force obnoxious strangers among the people for that object while the strict legal right may exist in the government to enforce the exercise of those offices. The attempts to do so would be so irritating, and so nearly impracticable with all, that I deem it better to forego for some time the use of such offices. The mails, unless repelled, will continue to be furnished in all parts of the Union, so far as possible. The people everywhere shall have that sense of perfect security which must follow favorable and calm thought and reflection on the part of Government; can give them. The course here indicated will be followed, unless current events and experience shall show a modification or change to be proper, and in every case and exigency my discretion will be exercised according to circumstances actually existing, and with a view and a hope of a peaceful solution of the national troubles, and the restoration of the fraternal sympathies and affections. That there are persons in one section or another who seek to destroy the Union at all events, and glad of any pretext to do it I will neither affirm nor deny; but if there be such, I need address no words to them. To those, however, who really love the Union, may I not speak, before entering upon so grave a matter as the destruction of our National fabric, with all its benefits, its memories and hopes. Would it not be wise to ascertain previously why we do so? Will you hazard so desperate a step while there is any possibility that any portion of the ills you fly from have no real existence? Will you, while the certain ills you fly to are greater than all the unreal ones you fly from? Will you risk the commission of so fearful a mistake. All profess to be content in the Union if all constitutional rights can be maintained. Is it true, then, that any right, plainly written in the Constitution, has been denied? I think not.—Happily the human mind is so constituted that no party can reach to the audacity of doing this. Think, if you can, of a single instance in which a plainly written provision of the constitution has ever been denied. If, by the mere force of numbers, a majority shall deprive a minority of any clearly written constitutional right, it might, in a moral point of view, justify a revolution—it certainly would if such right were a vital one; but such is not our case.

All the vital rights of minorities and of individuals are so plainly assured to them by affirmations and negations, guarantees and prohibitions in the Constitution, that controversies never arise concerning them. But no organic law can be framed with a provision specifically applicable to every question which may occur in the administration. No foresight can anticipate, nor any document of reasonable length contain express provisions for all possible questions. Shall fugitives from labor be surrendered by national or State authority? The Constitution does not expressly say. May Congress prohibit slavery in the Territories? The Constitution does not expressly say Must Congress protect slavery in the Territories? The Constitution does not expressly say. From questions of this class spring all our constitutional controversies, and we divide upon them into majorities and minorities. If the minority will not acquiesce the majority must, or the Government must cease. There is no other alternative for continuing the Government but acquiescence on the one side or the other. If a minority in such case will secede rather than acquiesce, they make a precedent which in turn will divide and ruin them, for a minority of their own will recede from them whenever a majority refuses to be controlled by such a minority. For instance, why may not any portion of a new Confederacy a year or two hence arbitrarily secede again precisely as portions of the present Union now claim to secede from it?—All who cherish disunion sentiments are now being educated to the exact temper of doing this

Is there such perfect identity of interests among the States to compose a new Union as to produce harmony only and prevent renewed secession? Plainly, the central idea of secession is the essence of anarchy. A majority held in restraint by constitutional checks and limitations, and always changing easily with the deliberate changes of popular opinion and sentiments, is the only true sovereign of a free people. Whoever rejects it, does of necessity fly to anarchy or despotism. Unanimity is impossible.—The rule of minority, as a permanent arrangement, is wholly inadmissable; so that rejecting the majority principle, anarchy and despotism in some form is all that is left.

I do not forget the positions assumed by some, that Constitutional questions are to be decided by the Supreme Court, nor do I deny that such decisions must be binding in any case upon the parties to a suit, as to the object of that suit, while they are also entitled to very high respect and consideration in all parallel cases, by all other departments of the Government. And while it is obviously possible that such decision must be erroneous in any given case, still the evil effect following it being limited to that particular case, with the chance that it may be overruled, and never become a precedent for other cases, can better be borne than could the evils of a different practice. At the same time the candid citizen must confess that if the policy of the government upon a vital question effecting the whole people is to be irrevocably fixed by the decision of the Supreme Court the instant they are made inordinary litigations between parties in personal actions, the people will have ceased to be their own rulers, having to that extent practically resigned their government into the hands of that eminent tribunal. Nor is there in this view any assault upon the Court or the Judges. It is a duty from which they may not shrink, to to decide cases properly brought before them, and it is no fault of theirs if others seek to turn their decisions to political purposes. One section of our country believes slavery is right, and ought to be extended, while the other believes it is wrong, and ought not to be extended, this is the only substantial dispute. The fugitive slave clause of the Constitution, and the law for the suppression of the foreign slave trade, are each as well enforced perhaps, as any law can ever be in a community where the moral sense of the people imperfectly supports the law itself. The great body of the people abide by the dry legal obligation in both cases and a few break over in each. This I think cannot be perfectly cured, and it would be worse in both cases after the separation of the sections than before. The foreign slave trade, now imperfectly suppressed, would be immediately revived with out restriction in one section, while fugitive slaves, now only partially surrendered, would not be surrendered at all by the other.

Physically speaking we cannot separate; we cannot remove our respective sections from each other, nor build an impassible wall between them. A husband and wife may be divorced, and go out of the presence and beyond the reach of each other But the different parts of our country cannot do this. They cannot but remain face to face, and an intercourse, either amicable or hostile, must continue between them. Is it possible, then, to make that intercourse more advantageous or more satisfactory after separating than before? Can aliens make treaties easier than friends can make laws? Can treaties be more faithfully enforced between aliens than laws among friends? Suppose you go to war, you cannot fight always, and when, after much loss on both sides and no gain on either, you cease fighting, the old identical questions as to terms of intercourse are again upon you. This country with its institutions, belongs to the people who inhabit it. Whenever they shall grow weary of the existing government, they can exercise their constitutional right of amending it, or their revolutionary right to dismember or overthrow it. I cannot be ignorant of the fact that many worthy and patriotic citizens are desirous of having the national constitution amended.

While I make no recommendations of amendments, I fully recognize the rightful authority of the people over the whole subject, to be exercised in either of the modes prescribed in the instrument itself, and I should, under existing circumstances, favor, rather than oppose a fair opportunity being offered the people to act upon it. I will venture to add that to me the Convention mode seems preferable, inasmuch as it allows the amendment to originate with the people themselves, instead only of permitting them to take or reject a proposition originated by others not especially chosen for the purpose, and which might not be precisely such as they would wish to either accept or refuse. I understand a proposed amendment to the Constitution, which amendment, however, I have not seen, has passed Congress to the effect that the Federal Government shall never interfere with the domestic institutions of the State including that of persons held to service. To avoid a misconstruction of what I have said, I depart from my purpose, not to speak of particular amendments, so far as to say that holding such a provision to be now implied as constitutional law, I have no objections to its being made express and irrevocable. The Chief Magistrate derives all his authority from the people, and they have conferred none upon him to fix times for the separation of the States.—The people themselves can do this also if they choose, but the Executive, as such, has nothing to do with it. His duty is to administer present government as it came to his hands, and to transmit it, unimpaired by him, to his successor. Why should there not be a patient confidence in the ultimate justice of the people? Is there any better or equal hope in the world? In our present differences is either party without faith of being in the right? If the Almighty Ruler of Nations, with his eternal truth and justice, be on your side of the North, or on yours of the South, that truth and that justice will surely prevail by the judgement of this great tribunal, the American people.

By the frame of the Government under which we live, this same people have wisely given their public servants but little power for mischief, and have with equal wisdom provided for the return of that little to their own hands at very short intervals.

While the people retain their virtue and vigilance, no Administration, by any extreme of wickedness or folly, can very seriously injure the Government in the short space of four years.

My countrymen, one and all, think calmly and well upon this whole subject. Nothing valuable can be lost by taking time. If there be an object to hurry any of you, in hot haste, to a step which you would never take deliberately, that object will be frustrated by taking time. But no good object can be frustrated by it.

Such of you as are now dissatisfied still have the old Constitution unimpaired, and on the sensitive point, the laws of your own framing under it; while the new Administration will have no immediate power, if it wanted to change either. If it were submitted that you, who are dissatisfied, hold the right side in the dispute, there still is no single good reason for precipitate action. Intelligence, patriotism, Christianity, and a firm reliance on Him who has never yet forsaken this favored land, are still competent to adjust in the best way all our present difficulties.

In your hands, my dissatisfied countrymen, and not in mine, is the momentous issue of civil war. The Government will not assail you You can have no conflict in that without being yourselves the aggressors. You have no oath registered in heaven to destroy the Government, while I shall have the most solemn one to "preserve, protect, and defend" it.

I am loth to close. We are not enemies, but friends.—We must not be enemies. Though passion may have strained, it must not break our bonds of affection.

The mystic chords of memory, stretching from every battle-field and patriot grave to every loving heart and hearth stone, all over this broad land, will yet swell the chorus of the Union, when again touched, as surely they will be by the better angels of our nature.

The Basis of Adjustment.

We subjoin the entire series of resolutions reported by the Committee of thirty-three, as they passed the House of Representatives finally, with Mr. Corwin's amendment:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this committee, the existing discontents among the Southern people, and the growing hostility among them to the Federal Government, are greatly to be regretted; and that, whether such discontents and hostility are without just cause or not, any reasonable, proper and constitutional remedies, and additional and more specific and effectual guarantee of their peculiar rights and interests as recognized by the Constitution, necessary to preserve the peace of the country and the perpetuity of the Union, should be promptly and cheerfully granted.

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all attempts on the part of the Legislatures of any of the States to obstruct or hinder the recovery and surrender of fugutives from service or labor are in derogation of the Constitution of the United States, inconsistent with the comity and good neighborhood that should prevail among the several States, and dangerous to the peace of the Union.

Resolved, That the several States be respectfully requested to cause their statutes to be revised, with a view to ascertain if any of them are in conflict with or tend to embarrass or hinder the execution of the laws of the United States, made in pursuance of the second section of the fourth article of the Constitution of the United States for the delivery up of persons held to labor by the laws of any State and escaping therefrom; and the Senate and House of Representatives earnestly request that all enactments having such tendency be forthwith repealed, as required by a just sense of constitutional obligations, and by a due regard for the peace of the Republic; and the President of the United States is requested to communicate these resolutions to the Governors of the several States, with a request that they will lay the same before the Legislatures thereof respectfully.

Resolved, That we recognize slavery as now existing in fifteen of the United States by the usages and laws of those States; and we recognize no authority, legally or otherwise, outside of a State where it so exists, to interfere with slaves or slavery in such States, in disregard of the rights of their owners or the peace of society.

Resolved, That we recognize the justice and propriety of a faithful execution of the Constitution, and laws made in pursuance thereof, on the subject of fugutive slaves, or fugutives from service or labor, and discountenance all mobs or hindrances to the execution of such laws, and that citizens of each State shall be entitled to all the privileges and immunities of citizens of the several States.

Resolved, That we recognize no such conflicting elements in its composition, or sufficient cause from any source, for a dissolution of this government; that we are not sent here to destroy, but to sustain and harmonize the institutions of the country, and to see that equal justice is done to all parts of the same; and finally, to perpetuate its existence on terms of equality and justice to all the States.

Resolved, That the faithful observance, on the part of all the States, of all their constitutional obligations to each other and to the Federal Government, is essential to the peace of the country.

Resolved, That it is the duty of the Federal Government to enforce the Federal laws, protect the Federal property, and preserve the Union of these States.

Resolved, That each State be requested to revise its statutes, and, if necessary, to amend the same as to secure without legislation by Congress, to citizens of other States travelling therein the same protection as citizens of such States enjoy; and also to protect the citizens of other States traveling or sojourning therein against popular violence or illegal summary punishment, without trial in due form of law for imputed crimes.

Resolved, That each State be also respectfully requested to enact such laws as will prevent and punish any attempt whatever in such State to recoguize or set on foot the lawless invasion of any other State or Territory.

Resolved, That the President be requested to transmit copies of the foregoing resolutions to the Governors of the several States, with a request that they be communicated to their respective Legislatures.

Resolved, That as there are no propositions from any quarter to interfere with slavery in the District of Columbia, or in places under the exclusive jurisdiction of Congress, and situate within the limits of the States that permit the holding of slaves, or to interfere with the inter-State slave trade, this Committee does not deem it necessary to take any action on those subjects.

The joint resolution for the amendment of the Constitution, reported by the Committee of Thirty-three was next considered, as follows:

Be it resolved, By the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, two-thirds of both Houses concurring. That the following article be proposed to the Legislatures of the several States, an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which, when ratified by three-fourths of said Legislatures, shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the said Constitution, viz:

ARTICLE XII. That no amendment shall at all be made to the Constitution which will authorize or give Congress the power to abolish or interfere, in any way, with the domestic institutions thereof, including that of persons held to labor or servitude by the laws of the said State.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A Card to the Suffering.

The Rev. Wm. Cosgrove, while laboring as a missionary in Japan, was cured of Consumption, when all other means had failed, by a recipe obtained from a learned physician residing in the great city of Jeddo. This recipe has cured great numbers who were suffering from Consumption, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Coughs and Colds, and the debility and nervous depression caused by these disorders.

Desirous of benefitting others, I will send this recipe, which I brought home with me, to all who need it, free of charge. Address

REV. WM. COSGROVE.
439, Fulton Avenue.
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Headache and Debility.

Mr. Silas J. Liscomb, of Birmingham, says:

"I have found in Boerhave's Holland Bitters a remedy for Headache and Debility. My wife has also used it with the greatest benefit."

Mr. A. S. Nicholson, of Pittsburgh, also remarks that he has experienced much relief from its use for Headache.

Take a half tea-spoonful three times a day, an hour before meals. Eat moderately, and then of wholesome food, and you will find this is really a remedy for Sick and Nervous Headache, Weakness of any kind, Costiveness, and Piles. Being perfectly simple in composition, it may be taken without fear by the invalid. Possessing a fine aromatic flavor, it is very grateful to the debilitated stomach.

Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial.

Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial is remarkable for its wonderful beneficial effects in the treatment of children. For croup, dysentery, and teething, it has never been surpassed, and mothers should at all times be provided with a supply, as they value the lives and the comfort of their little ones.

The preparations of Blood Food are among the most important discoveries of the age. They are not medicines, but food for the blood: already prepared for absorption, pleasant to the taste, and natural in action; and what one gains, he retains. The Blood Food is a scientific discovery, differing from all patent medicines; and for consumption, throat diseases, liver complaints, dyspepsia, and other diseases incident to the human frame, is unequalled for its healing and strengthening qualities.—*Columbia, Ohio, Gazette* See advertisement.

For sale by A. Roush, Altoona, Pa.

Chills and Fever! Chills and Fever!!

One of the greatest remedies that has ever been laid before the public, for Fever and Ague, and which have received the highest enconiums from the press and the people, is Dr. Hostetter's Celebrated Bitters. Who would endure the tortures arising from the terrible disease, when it can be so easily cured? Who would endure sleepless nights, burning fevers and icy chills, alternately, when a remedy can be obtained for a mere trifle? And yet how many families linger out a painful existence under this deadly blight, and do nothing but gulp down quinine, until it becomes as common as their daily meals, and yet they are not relieved. None but the foolish and weak would hesitate to procure these valuable Bitters, and save themselves intense agony. Sold by druggists and dealers generally everywhere. See advertisement in another column.

Dr. Velpeau's Cankerine.

DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Putrid Sore Mouth.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Sore Nipples.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Ulcerated Sores.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Cuts.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Burns.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Sores.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Chapped Lips.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Ulcerated Gums.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE is the best Purifier of the Breath of anything known.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Canker in the Mouth, Throat, or Stomach, resulting from Scarlatina or Typhus Fevers.

Ladies, if you delight in a white teeth, use the CANKERINE, and your desires will be realized. We pledge our word that it is entirely free from acids and all poisonous substances, and can be given to an infant with perfect safety. It will preserve the teeth and keep the gums free from ulcers. It is equally efficacious for nursing sore mouths. In all the thousands remedies that have been put forth for the cure of the various diseases above, none can equal the Cankerine. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents per bottle. J. BURRILL & CO.,
Proprietors, 83 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

For sale in Altoona, by G. W. KESSLER.

A Card to the Ladies.

DR. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PILLS FOR FEMALES.

Infallible in correcting, regulating, and removing all obstructions, from whatever cause, and always successful as a preventative

There is not a lady living but what at some period of her life needs just such a medicine as "Duponco's Golden Pills." One of the first ladies of Chester, told the Agent there that she had received so much benefit from the use of them, she would be willing to pay $5 a box, rather than be without them, if she could get them no less. The ingredients composing these pills are made known to every Agent. They will tell you they are perfectly harmless and yet will do all claimed for them. Full and explicit directions accompany each box. Price $1.00 per box.—Sold by G. W. KESSLER, Druggist, sole Agent for Altoona, Pa.

Ladies by sending him $1.00 to the Altoona Post Office, can have the pills sent to any part of the country (confidentially) by mail, "free of postage." Sold also by JOHN READ, Huntingdon, and by one Druggist in every village town and city in the State.

S. D. HOWE,
Sole Proprietor, New York.

N. B.—The above Pills have been counterfeited, and are offered to Ladies at prices ranging from 25 cents to 75 cts, (dear at that.) Look out for them. The genuine, hereafter, will bear the signature of S. D. Howe, sole proprietor. Price $1. Purchase of the above gentlemen, and you will find the genuine article, and one you may rely upon.

January 31, 1861.—1y.

To Consumptives.

And those afflicted with

DYSPEPSIA,
NERVOUS DEBILITY,
HEART DISEASE,
FEVER & AGUE, OR
CONSTIPATION.

The undersigned, now seventy-five years old, has for years devoted his time to curing his Parishioners and the poor in New York of these dreadful complaints, which carry thousands and thousands to an untimely grave; he has seldom failed to cure all who have applied to him for relief, and believing it to be a Christian's duty to relieve those abroad, as well as at home, he will send to those who require it, a copy of Prescriptions used, (Free of Charge), with directions for preparing and using the same. Also rules on Diet, Bathing, Ventilation, and Exercise for the Sick, they will find these remedies a sure cure for Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Fever and Ague, Constipation, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, and Female Complaints, and he hopes every one afflicted will send for a copy, as it will cost nothing, and those suffering should apply before it is too late. These Prescription are used by the most eminent Physicians in London, Paris, and New York. Those wishing them will please address REV. DR. CHAMBERLAIN.

Nov. 15, '60.—1y. Williamsburgh, New York.

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address.

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh,
Oct. 4, '60.—1y. Kings County, New York

MRS. WINSLOW,

An experienced nurse and female physician, has a soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by sotening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases. See advertisement in another column

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S AROMATIC SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS

A SUPERLATIVE

TONIC, DIURETIC, ANTI DYSPEPTIC AND INVIGORATING CORDIAL

TO THE CITIZENS OF NEW JERSEY AND PENNSYLVANIA.

APOTHECARIES, DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND PRIVATE FAMILIES.

WOLFE'S Pure Cognac Brandy.
WOLFE'S Pure Madeira, Sherry and Port Wine.
WOLFE'S Pure Jamaica and St. Croix Rum.
WOLFE'S Pure Scotch and Irish Whisky.

ALL IN BOTTLES.

I beg leave to call the attention of the citizens of the United States to the above Wines and Liquors, imported by UDOLPHO WOLFE, of New York, whose name is familiar in every part of this country for the purity of his celebrated SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS. Mr. Wolfe, in his letter to me, speaking of the purity of his Wines and Liquors, says: "I will stake my reputation as a man, my standing as a merchant of thirty years' residence in the city of New York, that all the Brandy and Wines which I bottle are pure as imported, and of the best quality, and can be relied upon by every purchaser." Every bottle has the proprietor's name on the wax, and a fac simile of his signature of the certificate.—The public are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. For sale at Retail by all Apothecaries and Grocers in Philadelphia.

GEORGE H. ASHTON, No. 832 Market St., Phila.
Sole Agent for Philadelphia.

Read the following from the New York Courier:

ENORMOUS BUSINESS FOR ONE NEW YORK MERCHANT.—We are happy to inform our fellow-citizens that there is one place in our city where the physician, apothecary, and country merchant, can go and purchase pure Wines and Liquors, as pure as imported, and of the best quality. We do not intend to give an elaborate description of this merchant's extensive business, although it will well repay any stranger or citizen to visit Udolpho Wolfe's extensive warehouse, Nos. 18, 20 and 22, Beaver street, and Nos. 17, 19 and 21, Marketfield street. His stock of Schnapps on hand ready for shipment could not have been less than thirty thousand cases; the Brandy, sometwn thousand cases. Vintages of 1836 to 1850; and ten thousand cases of Madeira, Sherry and Port Wine, Scotch and Irish Whiskey, Jamaica and St. Croix Rum, some very old and equal to any in this country. He also had three large cellars, filled with Brandy, Wine, &c., in casks, under Custom-House key, ready for bottling. Mr. Wolfe's sales of Schnapps last year amounted to one hundred and eighty thousand dozen, and we hope is less than two years he may be equally successful with his Brandies and Wines.

His business merits the patronage of every lover of his species. Private families who wish pure Wines and Liquors for medical use should send their orders direct to Mr. Wolfe, until every Apothecary in the land make up their minds to discard the poisonous stuff from their shelves, and replace it with Wolfe's pure Wines and Liquors.

We understand that Mr. Wolfe, for the accommodation of small dealers in the country, puts up assorted cases of Wines and Liquors. Such a man, and such a merchant, should be sustained against his tens of thousands of opponents in the United States, who sell nothing but imitations, ruinous alike to human health and happiness.

For sale by A. ROUSH. [Sept. 13, 1860-ent'a.

GREAT EXCITEMENT!

AT THE

"MODEL STORE!"

WE ARE HAPPY TO INFORM our friends that we are again on hands with an unusually large stock of

FALL GOODS,

which we think have been bought at prices that will enable us to compete with any other house in this section of country. We have now on hands a larger stock of fine Goods than has heretofore been brought to this place and we hope the ladies will appreciate our efforts to please their tastes by calling and looking at our stock, which we take pleasure in showing. We have many novelties in Dress Goods, among some of which are the following.

Wool Delaines, Mohair Mixtures, Oriental Lustres, Palestors, Brocade Mohairs, Silk Brilliants, Silk Poplins, Brocade Poplins, Chene Valencies, Rep Poplins, Figured Cashmeres, Mottled Merinos, Wool Plaids, Fig. French Merinos, Plain do.

Together with a full stock of all kinds of Domestic and Staple Dry Goods, Cloaking, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Tweeds, &c. Ladies, Misses and Children's Shawls, Cloaks and Cloth Dusters, Hosiery, Gloves, Woolen Goods, Carpets Oil Cloths, Bed Comforts, Blankets, &c., &c.

We ask particular attention to our present stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which we feel sure are cheaper than they can be bought elsewhere. We have also our usual supply of

Groceries, Queensware, Hardware,

Wooden and Willow Ware.

In a word, we think our present stock of Goods worth an examination by persons wishing to buy, and cordially invite our friends to drop in and see us.

Oct. 4, 1860. J. & J. LOWTHER.

Iron City College

$35,00

Pays the entire cost for Tuition in the most popular and successful Commercial School in the Country. Upward of twelve hundred young men from twenty-eight different States, have been educated for business here within the past three years, some of whom have been employed as Book Keepers at salaries of

$2000,00 per Annum,

immediately upon graduating, who know nothing of accounts when they entered the College.

☞ Minister's sons half price. Students enter at any time, and review when they please, without extra charge.

For Catalogue of 84 pages, Specimens of Prof. Dowley's Business and Ornamental Penmanship, and a large engraving of the College, inclose twenty-five cents in Postage Stamps to the Principals.

JENKINS & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Altoona, Jan. 24, '61-1y.

Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA MAIL SCHEDULE.

MAILS CLOSE.

Eastern Way	7 15	A. M.
Western Way	7 15	"
Hollidaysburg	7 15 and 11 00	"
Western Through	7 00	P. M.
Eastern Through	7 00	"

MAILS ARRIVE.

Hollidaysburg	7 30 and 11 10	A. M.
Western Through	7 45	"
Eastern Through	8 15	"
Western Way	11 20	"
Eastern Way	1 40	P. M.

OFFICE HOURS:—During the week, from 7 00 A. M. till 7 30 P. M. On Sundays, from 8 00 till 9 00 A. M.

JOHN SHOEMAKER, P. M

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

Express Train East arrives	9,20	P. M.,	leaves	9,40	P. M.
" " West "	8,13	A. M.	"	8,33	A. M.
Fast " East "	7,45	A. M.	"	8,00	A. M.
" " West "	8,55	P. M.,	"	9,15	P. M.
Mail " East "	11,20	A. M.,	"	11,35	A. M.
" " West "	1,30	P. M.,	"	1,45	P. M.

The HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH connects with all Trains East and West.

INDIANA BRANCH TRAINS connect with Johnstown Accommodation Train East and West; Mail Train East and West and Express Train East and West.

Nov. 20, 1860. ENOCH LEWIS, *Gen'l Supt.*

LOCAL ITEMS.

Proceedings of Council.

ALTOONA, MARCH 4th, 1861.

Council met pursuant to adjournment Present, John Allison, Chief Burgess; and A. A. Smyth, R. Greenwood, J. A. Murvine, and C. E. Hostetter, Council.

The minutes of last meeting were approved.

A number of proposals from applicants for the respective offices of Street Commissioner, High Constable, Attorney, and Clerk, were presented. On motion the proposals were received and acted on.

The Council proceeded to the election of a Street Commissioner, by ballot, which resulted in the election of William W. Snyder, for one year.

On motion of R. Greenwood, *Resolved*, That Joseph K. Ely be, and is hereby appointed High Constable for the borough, for one year.

On motion of C. R. Hostetter, *Resolved*, That S. M. Woodkok, Esq., be, and he is hereby appointed Attorney to the Council, for the ensuing year.

The Council then proceeded to the election of a Clerk and Treasurer, which resulted in the election of S. M. Woodkok, Clerk, and Daniel F. Laughman, Treasurer.

A bill was presented, and an order granted to John Mickey for $3.31, for lumber for use of borough.

On motion, the President appointed C. R. Hostetter and H. J. Mervine, a Committee to investigate the matter of the streets lately opened, &c.

A communication was received from the "Good Will Fire Company" of Altoona, which, on motion, was laid on the table for further consideration.

On motion, *Resolved*, That the School Board of Altoona be granted the privilege of holding its meetings in the Council room.

On motion, the Council will hereafter hold their regular meetings on the first Monday evening of each month.

On motion, adjourned to meet on the first Monday of April, 1861, at 7 o'clock, P. M.—[*Extracts from Minutes.*]

GOING TO THE CITY.—Persons often start for the city without having determined where to stop, hoping certainly to find a good place.—Upon their arrival many places offer to take them in, and it frequently happens that some are *badly taken in*, and only find the good place hoped for after sundry vexations, delays and disasters. To avoid these we would advise all persons visiting Philadelphia to determine before starting, to stop at the REVERE HOUSE, 3d st. above Race. This House, well known as the "Eagle Hotel," has been rechristened and refitted by Messrs. Rhoads & Sailor, whom you will always find devoted in their attention to the wants and comforts of their guests. The "Revere" is central to business. Give it a trial, and we feel assured you will find it a pleasant house during your visit, and will thank us for the advice. For terms see card.

THROUGH STOCK TRAINS.—On Monday and Tuesday mornings last, the first stock train on each side, on the Pennsylvania Rail Road, was run through from this place to Harrisburg, without change of locomotives or men at Mifflin, as heretofore. The immense shops put up at Harrisburg are now nearly ready for the accommodation of workmen and locomotives. When they are completed, which will be in the course of a month or two, all freight trains, with the exception of the Local Freight, will be run through from this to Harrisburg without change of men or motive power.

MORE COTTON.—Over 1800 bales of cotton arried in Pittsburgh in one day, last week, for shipment over the Pennsylvania Rail Road to the Eastern markets. Certainly the course pursued by the Southern or gulf States is working to the injury of their internal improvements.—The fact that so much cotton has been shipped via Northern routes, proves that the cotton growers of the South have more confidence in Northern transporters than in the men and institutors of the seceding States.

PAPER NECK-TIES.—Application has been made by a firm in New York, for a patent for paper neck-ties, printed in imitation of silk and gingham with great exactness and beauty. The *Scientific American* says this firm sold last season of the single style of cloth neck-ties seventeen thousand dozen. We have not seen any of the articles in this neighborhood yet, but presume they will soon be along.

Local U. S. Senate.

FRIDAY EVENING, March 1st, 1861.

The Crittenden resolutions came up as the regular order of the day, and were called up on third reading. The yeas and nays being called for, they were voted down.

On motion of McMinn of (Min.) The resolutions relative to suffering Kansas, was referred to Committee on finance.

Cramer, of (R. I.) introduced the Peace Congress resolutions, which was ably discussed by Sembower, of (Penn.) Good, of (Del.) and Lehr of (Kan.) pending Mr. Lehr's remarks, the Senate adjourned.

PUSHING ALONG.—We mean our neighbor down stairs, A. Roush. He does not boast of what can be done, nor does he by any foul means, try to get the advantage of other men, but by strict attention to his business, and exertion to satisfy the wants of his customers, he tries to gain a share of the public patronage. The last three years have proved that he has "hit the nail on the head." He has, in that time, built up a trade which would astonish many an older hand, and speaks well in his favor.—Give him a call.

☞ The African Methodist Episcopal Church of this place, will be consecrated to Almghty God, on Sunday next, 10th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M. The consecration services will be conducted by Rev. Bishop Payne. A collection will be taken up to aid in defraying the expense of its recent repairs. The public generally are most respectfully invited to attend.

ALEXANDER JOHNSTON.
Preacher in charge.

☞ The length of the Inaugural Address and a number of new advertisements prevents us from giving a variety of reading matter this week, but as the address and the Receipts and Expenditures of the Borough are matters of interest to our readers, they will not complain. Let every body examine the Borough account and judge of the manner in which their servants have taken care of their interests.

Tribute of Respect.

At a Special Communication of Mountain Lodge, A. Y. M., No. 281, held Feb. 23d, 1861, the following paper was unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, In the inscrutable but all wise and righteous Providence of Almighty God, our young brother, Wm. S. Shoemaker, has been removed from our midst, by death, therefore, be it *Resolved*, That this Lodge regards the death of our beloved brother, as a sad bereavement, both to the Lodge, and to us, his "brethren of the mystic tie," individually.

Resolved, That while brother Shoemaker was among us, we had constantly presented for our admiration and imitation, an eminent example of sincerity, truthfulness, integrity, entire freedom from all guile, genial humor, bright intelligence and lovely moral purity.

Resolved, That we tender to his bereaved wife, sorrowing parents and heart-stricken sister our sincere condolence and sympathy, with the assurance that the memory of our brother shall be fondly cherished by us, and with the prayer that that God, who "tempers the wind to the shorn lamb," in his great mercy, may comfort and sustain them in their sore affliction.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to prepare a memoir of the life of brother Shoemaker, to be placed upon the records of this Lodge.

Resolved, That a copy of this paper be presented to the family of the deceased, and that another copy be furnished for publication in the Altoona *Tribune*.

WM. R. FINDLEY,
A. H. MAXWELL,
R. A. O. KERR. } *Com.*

MARRIED:

On Thursday last at the Lutheran parsonage, by Rev. Lloyd Knight, Mr. JOHN G. WATERS, of Shade Gap, Huntingdon co., to Miss MARGARET KOOFER, of Franklstown township.

DIED.

In Hollidaysburg, on the 26th ultimo, FLORENCE MATILDA, daughter of Wm. C. and Anna Maria Bayly—aged 3 years and 16 days.

Very suddenly, in Frankstown tp., Feb. 27th, 1861, Mrs. MARIA HILEMAN, aged 71 years.

The Bodugger.

This wonderful article, just patented, is something *entirely* new, and never before offered to agents, who are wanted everywhere. Full particulars sent *free*. Address

Mar 7,-1yis SHAW & CLARK, Biddleford, Maine.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of Administration on the estate of Robert L. Martin, late of Tyrone Borough, Blair county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, residing as aforesaid. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

WILBER F. MARTIN. *Adm.*

Tyrone tp., March 7, 1861-6t.

TILGHMAN V. RHOADS,.....CHARLES SAILOR.

REVERE HOUSE,
(LATE EAGLE HOTEL,)
Third Street, above Race,
PHILADELPHIA.
RHOADS & SAILOR, Proprietors.

TERMS, $1.25 PER DAY.

March 7, 1861-1y

SPRING OF 1861.
WALL PAPER! WALL PAPER!
The Largest Assortment and Lowest Prices in Pittsburgh. Come and see.

WALTER P. MARSHALL,
No. 87, Wood Street,
(Near Fourth, at the Old Stand,)
Has for sale beautiful French, German & American
WALL PAPERS,
For Parlors,
Halls,
Chambers,
Churches,
Lodges,
50,000 rolls at 12½ cts. 50,000 rolls at 6, 8 and 10 cents.
Window Curtains, Fire Board Prints,
Tester Covers, Ceilings, &c.
☞ Look for the Striped Front.
Altoona, March 7, 1861-4m.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING

in the Post Office at Altoona, March 1st, 1861.

Black, Jno
Baker, Frederick
Baker, A
Ball, Wm H
Boyers, Samuel
Burkholder, Mrs Christian
Burtnett, Geo
Bell, Thomas
Brooks, Geo W
Crocraft, Mr S
Clark, Sarah Jane
Currie, Mrs Maggie
Clush, Catharine
Cornmesser, Augustus
Cox, Mr
Canon, W H
Carson, Lidean
Cullen, Marguret
Crisman, Harrison
Dempsey, Mr P
Earting, Mr M
Elcholtz, Chas S
Fist, Benj H
Ferp, Frederick
Forney, Mary
Flinn & Bro, E P 2
Grimes, Julia M
Green, Margt A M
Green, Mrs Margt
Garrahan, Jones
Hart, W R
Hewitt, Peter
Hunter, W
Hurley, Geo
Hight, Eugene
Hagerty, Wm
Hunter, Mary A
Hutchison, Robt C
Jenkins, Hance 2
Jones, Ben Jno
Jones, M J
Jones, F
Knim, Chas
Killin, Levi
Kingsburg, D B
Kendall, Mr J
Kelley, Wm D
Keeley, Wm
Kirkpatrick, Wm
Kenney, A W
Murdock, Scroggs
Muller, Chas Wm
Murray, Dennis
Mattis, Abraham
Moore, D R
Miller, Thos
Miller, Miss Catharine
Martin, Mrs E
Moore, W H
McNaman, Thos
McKeever, W B
McCormick, Miss Eliza
Nelsel, Charles
O'Neil, J C
Our, John
O'Neal, Peter
Pike, E B
Rower, Martn J
Reese & Brown
Ritchie, Elmirah
Resh, John
Ruce, Daniel
Ruff, M C
Smith, Mary L
Sweeney, Eliza
Smith, Geo
Stewart, Geo
Smith, Geo M
Smith, Abednigo
Smay, Joseph
Seewart, W A
Swistera, Henrietta
Tries, Jacob
Wingerter, A
Wells, Geo H
Watson, Robt
Warren, Matilda C
Whitmore, Lewis
Zerbe, Mr J

Persons calling for letters in this list, will please say "Advertised."

JOHN SHOEMAKER, P. M.

PUBLIC SALE.—THE SUBSCRIBER will sell by public outcry, at his residence in Pleasant Valley, near Altoona, on

Thursday, March 14th, 1861,

the following Personal Property, to wit:

3 Head of Horses, 6 Milch Cows, 12 Head of Young Cattle, 4 Hogs, A Lot of Hay, Farming Utensils, together with a great variety of Household and Kitchen Furniture.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, when terms will be made known by

DAVID BELL.

Feb. 28, 1861.-ts.

EXECUTORS SALE OF REAL ESTATE!—The undersigned will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, in Altoona, on Friday, March 15th, 1861, all the right, title, and interest of JAMES CONRAD, late of Blair Township, Blair County, deceased, in and to the Northern part of Lot No. 4, fronting on Branch street, Block V, containing about thirty-three feet in front, more or less, on said street, and extending back one hundred and twenty feet to a 15 feet Alley, on which is erected a comfortable DWELLING HOUSE 16 by 20 feet, one and a half stories high, with other improvements. Terms will be made known on day of Sale, and possession given on the 1st day of April next. Sale to commence at one o'clock P. M. PETER O'HAGAN, *Executor.*

Altoona, Feb. 28, '61-3t.

FOR RENT.—THE DWELLING house and store-room, known as Ferree & Morrow's corner, now occupied by Joseph Law, is offered for rent from the 1st of April next. For particulars inquire at the Banking House of Wm M. Lloyd & Co.

Altoona, Jan. 24, '61-tf. JAS. MORROW.

ROBES! ROBES!—Just received a fine lot of Buffalo Robes, which we will sell at from $4 to $10 a piece. Two doors Below the Post Office. M. THOMPSON, *Agent.*

Jan. 3, 1861.

STATEMENT

OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF ALTOONA BOROUGH for 1860:

ORDERS GRANTED.

For Labor on streets in month of March	$54 50
To Thos McMinn, auditing Borough account	1 00
" David Galbraith, " " "	1 00
For Labor on streets in April	91 75
To Wm C McCormick, for wheelbarrow	4 00
" Henry Foust, interring dead carcass	50
For Labor on streets in May	152 25
To John Cunningham, lumber and carting	4 07
" James Hooper, blacksmithing	6 80
" McCrum & Dern, printing for council of 1859	35 00
For Labor on streets in June	168 50
To C B Sink, for nails, spikes and plank for 1859	7 73
" McCrum & Dern, printing	18 75
" Philip Dempsey, hauling	25 00
" James Karns, hauling	21 00
" J A McDowell, "	30 00
" John Smith, ditching alley	2 00
For Labor on streets in July	127 75
To J A McDowell, hauling	42 00
" T J Williams, "	32 50
" J A McDowell, "	12 75
For Labor on streets in August	102 28
To J M Campbell, stone, sand, lime and hauling	77 40
" J & J Lowthei, shovels, spikes and blinds	9 42
" Wm C McCormick, Chief Burgess, fees paid Prothonotary and Recorder	5 20
" J A McDowell, for plank, sills and hauling for sewer and putting plank on sewer	24 50
" James Hooper, blacksmithing	4 26
" John Allison, plank delivered	11 00
" James Kearney, making culvert, part	140 00
" Gas & Water Co., service pipe for Council room	6 00
" A A Smyth, lawyer fees paid	5 00
" Louis Plack, debt contracted for in 1858	40 93
For Labor on streets in September	47 25
To John Shoemaker, lumber and spikes	33 61
" Thomas McAuley, for lumber	2 88
" James Hooper, blacksmithing	2 37
" Shoemaker & Irons, measuring wall	1 00
" J A McDowell, stone and carpenter work	3 00
" Philip Dempsey, hauling	15 25
" Miller B Knott, "	3 00
" Martin Gunnar, mason work	10 75
" Clement Jaggard, lumber	4 28
" R H McCormick, bill per former Council	4 09
" " " lumber	45 43
" James Kearney, balance due on sewer	170 28
" Gas & Water Co	50
For Labor on streets in October	43 50
To Stewart & Long, Gas fixtures for Council room	13 68
" James L Gwinn, surveying and plots	10 00
" Joseph Haslett, glazing	1 00
" Penn'a R R Co, Rent	2 70
For Labor on Streets in November	64 00
To Altoona Gas & Water Co, fire-plugs and water rent up to 15th of December, 1860	158 00
" D F Laughman, blankets for Lock-up	3 89
" John Shoemaker, lumber, hauling and nails	13 62
" J A McDowell, hauling	5 75
" R H McCormick, lumber and nails	$ 31
" John Hooper, blacksmithing for 1859	80
" Gas & Water Co, rent for quarter commencing December 15th, 1860	20 00
" Altoona Gas & Water Co, Gas used by Council	26
" Robert Green, crossing stone	6 00
" Albert Green, "	50
To John McClelland, services as Clerk to Council, making out duplicate for '60 and stationery	45 40
" Jesse Groves, labor on streets	75
" Wm Walton, hauling	25
	$2106 73

CR.

By amount rec'd from J K Ely, collector	$44 11
" " " D Price, former Treasurer	2 00
" " " John McClelland, collector 1859	62
" " " Edward Cassiday, for pavement	9 03
" " " A A Smyth, building permits	5 00
" " " Chief Burgess, for fines	8 00
" " " H Haupt, for pavement	19 99
Amount of excess over receipts	28 98
	$2106 72

D. R. MILLER, Treasurer, in account with Altoona Borough.

DR.

To am't rec'd from D Price, late Treasurer		$2 00
" " " J K Ely, collector for 1859		344 11
" " " J McClelland, collector for 1860		1689 62
" " " E Cassiday, being one-half of making pavement in front of Lot No. 9		9 03
" " " A A Smyth, for building permits granted		5 00
" " " Wm C McCormick, Chief Burgess fines collected		8 00
" " " Wm C McCormick, Chief Burgess, being am't rec'd from H Haupt, for putting down pavement in front of lots corner Harriet & Catharine sts.		19 99
To balance due Treasurer per contra		17 27
		$2095 02

CR.

By Orders paid in favor of—		
1860. D Galbraith and T McMinn, auditing acc't.		$ 2 00
Apr. Sundries for labor on streets		24 75
May. Do do do		85 25
July. Do do do		77 75
Aug. T J Williams, for 1859	99 90	
Do do interest on same	4 48	—104 38
T J Williams, for 1859		25 00
Do do do	$100 00	
Do do interest on same	4 97	—104 97
Do do for 1859	75 00	
Do do interest on same	3 75	— 78 73
Do do for 1859		24 80
Do do do		25 00
Do do do		32 50
C B Sink for 1859		7 73
Sundries for labor on streets		229 00
Do do do		275 25
James Kearney (2 orders) in full for sewer contract		310 28
Sept. A A Smyth, attorney's fees to W R Boyers		5 00
W C McCormick, Court fees and statement of liens		5 20
J & J Lowther, tools and spikes		9 42
Sundry Orders for labor on streets		80 88
Oct. Gas & Water Company, Gas used		56
R H McCormick, lumber, &c		49 52
John Allison, do		11 00
J Hooper, blacksmithing		4 26
Miller Knott for 1859		4 50
Do do 1860		3 00
Jas Hooper, blacksmithing (2 orders)		9 17
J A McDowell, for hauling (2 orders)		37 25
Thomas McAuley, lumber		2 88
Philip Dempsey, "		15 25
Sundry orders for labor		26 75
Do do		12 00
D F Laughman, blankets for Lock-up		3 50
C Jaggard for lumber		4 28
McCrum & Dern, printing for former Council in 1859		35 00
Martin Gunner, mason-work		10 75
Jno Cunningham, carting		4 07
Lewis Plack, for 1859, (2 orders)		40 93
John Hooper for 1859		80
J A McDowell, hauling		5 75
Wm C McCormick, wheelbarrow		4 00
John Shoemaker for lumber		13 62
Robert Green, crossing stone		6 00
Sunday orders for labor on street		140 75
By per centage as Treasurer on $2,677 75 at 2 per cent		41 54
		$2095 02
1861, Feb. 19. By balance due Treasurer		17 27

The undersigned, Auditors for the Borough of Altoona, Certify that we have examined the above and foregoing account of D R Miller, Treasurer, and find it correct, with a balance due the Treasurer of Seventeen Dollars and Twenty-Seven Cents, ($17 27.)

JOHN LOWTHER,
CHAS. J. MANN, } Auditors.

Altoona, Feb. 19th, 1861.

STATEMENT of Damages allowed, and Assessments made, for the purpose of Opening and Extending Catharine Street, in the Borough of Altoona.

Am't of damages allowed John Shoemaker		$278 09
" " " Simon Clouser		150 00
" " " A Cherry, (now William Doner)		175 00
" " " D F Laughman		172 00
		$775 09
The following have been paid, viz:		
John Shoemaker	$278 09	
Simon Clouser	150 00	
D F Laughman	90 19	
		518 28
Amount due and unpaid		$256 81
To meet the above balance, there is yet uncollected assessments considered available		72 90
Amount unprovided for		$183 85

The above amount, which remains unprovided for, occurred through the petitions of certain individuals to the Court after the assessment was made, for reductions, which were ordered by the Court, to wit:

Atwood & Co	$35 00
John A Wright & Co	68 00
Barnard Kurtz	28 56
Unavailable assessment	2 29
	$133 85

STATEMENT of the Liabilities and Resources of the Borough of Altoona up to 25th of February, 1861, as near as can be ascertained.

DR.

1860. To Sundry orders outstanding and unpaid for the years 1857, 1858, 1859 and 1860		$406 55
To order in favor T J Williams (now Wm London) for 1859		140 00
" " " T J Williams (now A Markey) for 1859		100 00
" " " D Maeden for 1859		213 00
To balance due D R Miller as Treasurer		17 27
To account due McCrum & Dern, printing		10 00
To amount from contra		365 03
		$1232 45

CR.

1860. By am't due by J K Ely, late collector		$ 9 47
" " " John McClelland, "		674 80
By am't Mechanics' lien on certain lots for for putting down pavements in 1857, 1858 and 1859		252 19
" " due by Altoona Gas & Water Co, as per bill rendered		294 45
" " due for building permits		1 75
		$1232 45
1861, Feb. 25. By this amount of resources over liabilities up to this date		$255 63

NOTE.—The Borough's proportion, with the Penn'a R. R. Co., of cost of putting in the large sewer along Branch street, of $679 35 is not taken into the statement for 1860, being payable, according to contract, out of taxes for 1861 and 1862.

WM. FLINT! WM. FLINT! WM. FLINT!
WM. FLINT!
WM. FLINT!

No. 807 MARKET, No. 807 MARKET,
No. 807 MARKET, No. 807 MARKET,
No. 807 MARKET, No. 807 MARKET,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE

$100,000 WORTH OF JEWELRY,

ALL FOR ONE DOLLAR EACH.

A Large and Splendid Assortment of Jewelry, consisting OF CHAINS, BRACELETS, CAMEO SETS, &c.

And all styles of French Plated Chains, Gold and Plated Jewelry.

We do not keep or sell any gilt, gift or galvanized goods. Ours is what are sold by the best Jewelers as *Gold* Jewelry.

We receive our goods from the best Gold Jewelry Manufacturers in the States,

WHO ARE FORCED TO SELL.
WHO ARE FORCED TO SELL.
WHO ARE FORCED TO SELL.

The following is only a partial list of our immense stock:

TAKE YOUR CHOICE FOR $1 EACH.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE FOR $1.

Large Size and Splendid Cameo Sets, General Retail Prices,

Do	do	Lava	do	$8 to $1
Do	do	Carbuncle	do	10 to 20
Do Ladies' Enamelled and Coral			do	8 to 80
Do	do	and Carbuncle	do	7 to 30
Do	do	and Ruby	do	7 to 30
Do Gold Cluster Crape Setting sets			do	7 to 30
Do	do	do Vase do	do	10 to 80
Do	do	do Jet Sets,	do	10 to 30
Do	do	Black Mosaic	do	5 to 12
Do	do	Gold Stone Mosaic	do	6 to 12
Do	do	Calico Sets.	do	6 to 12
Do Ribbon Twists, with brilliants,			do	5 to 12
Do Bosom Sets, new style,			do	6 to 15
Do Enamelled Cluster do			do	8 to 20
Gold Thimbles,			do	10 to 30
Diamond Pointed Gold Pens and Cases,			do	3 to 7
½ doz. Silver Plated Spoons,				3 to 6
Silver Plated Mugs,				2 00
				4 00

Over 1000 other different styles Ladies' Jewelry; Medallions, all styles, patterns and sizes; Lockets of every description; Gold Pens, 14 karet, with Silver Extension Holder; Gold Pencils, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, &c., &c.; Coral, Lava, Cameo and Band Bracelets; Gents' Vest Chains, warranted to wear for ten years without changing color, and will stand the acid—they are usually sold by Jewelers as solid gold chains—all made in Paris. You can take your choice for $1 each. Ladies' and Gents' Guard Chains, $1 each, usually sold by Jewelers at from $3 to $50 each; Ladies' and Children's Neck Chains, beautiful patters; Armlets, brilliant, enamelled and ruby settings; Crosses, plain and enamelled, for $1 each, retail prices from $5 to $20 each. Every style and variety of Jewelry and desirable goods for $1 each.

This sale, at the above prices, will continue long enough to sell off our immense stock, which was purchased at a great Sacrifice from Manufacturers who have failed.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE FOR $1 EACH.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

☞ HOW TO SEND MONEY.—☜

1st. Write your name, place of Residence, County and State, *plain and distinct*, as we can make *nothing out of Post marks*.

Seal all letters with WAX, as Envelopes sealed with gum or wafers can be easily opened—the consents taken out and re-sealed. Attend to this, and we will be responsible for your money.

INDUCEMENTS TO AGENTS.

Any person acting as Agent, who will send us at one time

$100, we will give a Gold Hunting Case Watch, extra.
$50, " " Gold Lever Watch.
$25, " " Silver Watch.

A Watch and the articles selected from the above List at One Dollar Each.

Persons ordering by mail *must send* $1 and 15 cents *in postage stamps*.

GIVE US A TRIAL.

All communications must be addressed to

WILLIAM FLINT,
No. 807 Market Street,
Philadelphia, Pa.

Altoona, March 7, 1861-6m.

JACOB SNYDER, TAILOR,

The Hero of One Hundred Fits per Month!

I would respectfully set forth my claim to public attention, as a Fashionable Tailor as follows:

Because I keep an excellent assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Trimmings, which, when examined, always please.

Because my work is made up in a manner that takes down the country and gives all my customers a city appearance.

Because I am not inferior as a Cutter to the best to be found anywhere.

Because long experience in my business gives me entire control over it, and I am not dependant upon any one to fit me out of the suds.

Because I am still on the sunny side of forty, and therefore my taste as a Cutter and workman unimpaired.

Call on me, in the corner room of the "Brant House." Give me a trial and you will go away pleased.

Altoona, May 26-3m JACOB SNYDER.

CHILDREN TEETHING.

MRS. WINSLOW, AN EXPERIENCED NURSE AND FEMALE PHYSICIAN, presents to the attention of mothers her

SOOTHING SYRUP,
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums reducing all inflammation will allay pain and spasmodic action, and *is sure to regulate the Bowels*.

Depend upon it mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and *Relief and Health to your Infants*.

We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and can say, in confidence and truth of it, what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—never has it failed, in a single instance, to effect a cure, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of highest commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "what we do know," after ten years' experience, and pledge our reputation for the fulfilment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful nurses in New England, and has been used with never-failing success in *thousands of cases*.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels; corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve *Griping in the Bowels and Wind Colic*, and overcome convulsions, which, if not *speedily* remedied, end in death. We believe it is the *best* and *surest remedy* in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints—do not let your prejudices, nor the prejudices of others, stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be sure—yes, absolutely sure—to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world, and by G. W. Kessler and A. Roush, druggists, Altoona. Price 25 cents per bottle.

☞ Principal Office, No. 13 Cedar street, N. Y.

July 12, 1860.-1y.

Bargains! Bargains!!

AT

McCORMICK'S STORE!

NOW IN ORDER TO GET RID of Fall and Winter Goods, to make room for Spring and Summer, they will sell all articles of

HEAVY GOODS

for cost; such as Heavy made Clothing for men and boys, with

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

such as Coburg Cloths, Delaines, &c., with a variety of Hats, Caps, Bonnets trimmed and not trimmed, with a great variety of goods too tedious to mention; and on or about the 12th or 15th of March, we will wind up the balance of all such goods at Auction. All persons wishing to purchase such articles, would do well to call and examine the stock, before purchasing elsewhere.

Altoona, Feb. 28, '61-tf.

Cephalic Pills
CURE
Sick Headache
CURE
Nervous Headache
CURE
All kinds of
Headache.

By the use of these Pills the periodic attacks of *Nervous or sick Headache* may be prevented; and if taken at the commencement of an attack immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail to removing the *Nausea* and *Headache* to which females are so subject.

They act gently upon the bowels,—removing *Costiveness*. For *Literary Men, Students*, Delicate Females, and all persons of *sedentary habits*, they are valuable as a *Laxative*, improving the *appetite*, giving *tone* and *vigor* to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.

The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the nervous system or from a deranged state of the stomach.

They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diret, *and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.*

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

The genuine have five signatures of Henry C. Spalding on each Box.

Sold by Druggists and all other Dealers in Medicines.

A Box will be sent by mail prepared on receipt of the

PRICE 25 CENTS.

All orders should be addressed to

HENRY C. SPALDING,
Nov. 15, '60.-1y.] 48 Cedar Street New York.

THE FOLLOWING ENDORSEMENTS OF

SPALDING'S
CEPHALIC PILLS,

WILL CONVINCE ALL WHO SUFFER FROM

HEADACHE,

THAT A

SPEEDY AND SURE CURE

IS WITHIN THEIR REACH.

As these Testimonials were unsolicited by Mr. SPALDING, they afford unquestionable proof of the efficacy of this truly scientific discovery.

MASONVILLE, CONN., Feb. 5, 1861.

MR. SPALDING.
SIR:
I have tried your Cephalic Pills, and *I like them so well* that I want you to send me two dollars worth more.
Part of these are for the neighbors, to whom I gave a few out of the first box I got from you.
Send the Pills by mail, and oblige
Your obedient Servant,
JAMES KENNEDY.

HAVERFORD, PA., Feb. 6, 1861.

MR. SPALDING.
SIR:
I wish you to send me one more box of your Cephalic Pills, *I have received a great deal of benefit from them.*
Yours, Respectfully,
MARY ANN STOIKHOUSE.

SPRUCE CREEK, HUNTINGDON CO., PA., Jan. 18, 1861.

H. C. SPALDING.
SIR:
You will please send me two boxes of your Cephalic Pills. Send them immediately.
Respectfully yours,
JOHN B. SIMONS.

P. S.—*I have used one box of your Pills, and find them excellent.*

BELLE VERNON, OHIO, Jan. 15, 1861.

HENRY C. SPALDING, Esq.
☞ Please find inclosed twenty-five cents, for which send me another box of your Cephalic Pills. *They are truly the best Pills I ever tried.*
Direct
A. STOVER, P. M.
Belle Vernon, Wyandott Co., O.

BEVERLY, MASS., Dec. 11, 1861.

H. C. SPALDING, Esq.
I wish for some circulars or large show bills, to bring your Cephalic Pills more particularly before my customers. If you have anything of the kind, please send to me.
One of my customers, who is subject to severe Sick Headache, (usually lasting two days,) *was cured of an attack in one hour by your Pills*, which I sent her.
Respectfully yours,
W. B. WILKES.

REYNOLDSBURG, FRANKLIN Co., OHIO, Jan. 9, 1861.

HENRY C. SPALDING,
No. 48 Cedar st., N. Y.
DEAR SIR:
Inclosed find twenty-five cents, (25,) for which send one box of "Cephalic Pills." Send to address of Rev. Wm. C. Filler, Reynoldsburg, Franklin Co., Ohio.
Your Pills work like a charm—cure Headache almost instanter.
Truly yours,
WM. C. FILLER.

YPSILANTI, MICH., Jan. 14, 1861.

MR. SPALDING.
SIR:
Not long since I sent to you for a box of Cephalic Pills for the cure of the Nervous Headache and Costiveness, and received the same, and *they had so good an effect that I was induced to send for more.*
Please send by return mail. Direct to
A. R. WHEELER,
Ypsilanti, Mich.

From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va.

Cephalic Pills accomplish the object for which they were made, viz.: Cure of headache in all its forms.

From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va.

They have been tested in more than a thousand cases, with entire success.

From the Democrat, St. Cloud, Minn.

If you are, or have been troubled with the headache, send for a box, (Cephalic Pills,) so that you may have them in case of an attack.

From the Advertiser, Providence, R. I.

The Cephalic Pills are said to be a remarkably effective remedy for the headache, and one of the very best for that very frequent complaint which has ever been discovered.

From the Western R. R. Gazette, Chicago, Ill.

We heartily endorse Mr. Spalding, and his unrivalled Cephalic Pills.

From the Kanawha Valley Star, Kanawha, Va.

We are sure that persons suffering with the headache, who try them, will stick to them.

From the Southern Path Finder, New Orleans, La.

Try them! you that are afflicted, and we are sure that your testimony can be added to the already numerous list that has received benefits that no other medicine can produce.

☞ A single bottle of SPALDINGS PREPARED GLUE will save ten times its cost annually. ☜

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SAVE THE PIECES!

ECONOMY! DISPATCH!

☞ "A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE." ☜

NEW STOCK OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS AT HILEMAN'S.

THE SUBSCRIBER INFORMS HIS customers, and the public generally, that he has just received a large and beautiful assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

which, for magnificence, extent and variety, have never before been excelled in Blair county. Particular attention is invited to our stock of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Such as Black and Fancy Silks, Challies, Beregs, Brilliants, Lawns, Delaines, Chintzes, De Beges, Crapes, Prints, Grege and Stella Shawls, Mantillas, Undersleeves and Hosiery, Bonnets and Ribbons, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Kid Gloves, Hooped Skirts, Skirting, Lace Mitts, &c., &c.

FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR,

We have Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Tweeds, Jeans, &c. Heads of families would do well to call and examine our stock of Winter Goods for Boys.

Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Glassware, Queensware, Wood and Willow Ware, Oil Cloths, Carpets, &c., in any quantity and at prices that cannot fail to please.

GROCERIES.

Our stock of Groceries is more extensive than ever, and consists of Rio and Java Coffee, Crushed, Loaf and N. O. Sugars, Green, Y. H. and Black Teas; Molasses, Soaps, Candles, Salt, Fish, &c.

Thankful to the public for the very liberal patronage heretofore received, he hopes by strict attention to business, and an endeavor to please, to merit a continuance of the same.

*** Country Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for Goods at market prices.

Oct. 25, 1860. J. B. HILEMAN.

LABOR-SAVING WASHING MACHINE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING purchased the right for Blair county, of

Tolhurst's Improved Washing Machine,

are now manufacturing them at Altoona, and intend to supply them to those persons throughout the county who desire a LABOR-SAVING MACHINE.

This machine is got up on an entirely new principle, and is considered, by those who have seen it in use, the best that has ever been brought before the public.

Among the many advantages of this machine over all others may be mentioned the following:

1st. The simplicity of construction, making it almost impossible to get out of order.

2d. Its speed, which astonishes alike the operator and the looker on.

3d. The facility with which it adapts itself to the bulk or quality of clothes desired to be washed.

4th. It washes equally well the finest and lightest fabric or the coarsest and heaviest, such as bed-quilts, comforts, blankets, &c.

McMINN & DERN,
Altoona, Blair County, Pa.

We the undersigned, hereby certify that we are now using Tolhurst's Improved Washing Machine and are fully satisfied that it is a very excellent article of the kind; combining as it does great speed with little labor, and performing its work in the most satisfactory manner. We therefore cheerfully recommend it to all who desire a real labor-saving washing machine.

JOHN WOODS, EMILE TIETZE,
MICHAEL CALVERT, THOS. McAULEY,
JOSEPH G. ADLUM. DANIEL PRICE.
R. A. O. KERR.

ALWAYS IN SEASON!

The undersigned would inform his old customers and the public generally, that he has just returned from the East with his fall stock, which is the

LARGAST OF THE KIND

ever brought to this place. He has every variety in

Price, Size and Quality, of

MEN AND BOYS' HATS AND CAPS,

For Fall and Winter Wear.

Also, all sizes, colors, shapes, and qualities of Ladies and Misses and Children's HATS and FLATS, to which the attention of those in want of anything in this line is specially invited.

FURS! FURS! FURS!

I have now the largest and handsomest assortment of Furs ever offered to the ladies of Altoona, embracing

CAPES, MUFFS, CUFFS,

and everything in that line, for Ladies and Children, of American and European manufacture, and of every quality of Furs.

Persons in want of anything in the above line, will please give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I am determined to sell at the very lowest possible prices.

Store on Virginia street, opposite the Lutheran church.

Altoona, Oct. 4, 1860-tf. JESSE SMITH.

TO THE PUBLIC.—THE SUBSCRIBER (having taken the establishment heretofore owned by Samuel I. Fries,) would respectfully announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that he has removed his

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

TIN, SHEET-IRON WARE & STOVE STORE,

to the new building on Annie street, between Harriet and Adeline streets, East Altoona, where he will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of everything in his line, which he will dispose of on reasonable terms.

ROOFING & SPOUTING

put up on short notice. He also manufactures LEADED Iron Spouting, which is said to be much superior to galvanized sheet-iron or tin.

He has also attached a copper-smithing room to his establishment and will keep on hand an assortment of copper and brass kettles, &c.

All kinds of job work promptly attended to.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

STEPHEN WINTERS.

Altoona, Aug. 16th, 1860.

Stoves, Tin & Sheet Iron Ware, SPOUTING, &C.

S. RIGG WOULD RESPECTfully inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of *Cooking, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves*, of all styles and sizes to suit the wants of all, which he will sell at low prices, on reasonable terms.

He also keeps on hand a large stock of *Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware*, consisting of all articles for culinary purposes—*Coal Buckets, Stove Pipe, &c.*

He has also purchased the right of sale in Blair county, of R. V. JONES'

IMPROVED SAUSAGE STUFFER,

an invention which needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and should be possessed by every farmer, butcher or those requiring such a machine.

☞ Particular attention paid to putting up SPOUTING, either in town or country. Spouting painted and put up on the most reasonable terms. [april 14, 1859-ly

EXCHANGE HOTEL.—THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public that he has recently refitted the above Hotel, and is now prepared to accommodate his friends and patrons in a comfortable manner, and he will spare no pains in making it an agreeable home for all sojourners. His Table will always be luxuriously supplied from the markets of the country and cities, and his Bar filled with liquors of choice brands. His charges are as reasonable as those of any other Hotel in the place, and he feels satisfied they can not be complained of by those who favor him with their custom. Expecting to receive a share of public patronage, and fully intending to deserve it, he throws open his house to the public and invites a trial.

I have just received a stock of No. 1 French Brandy, for medicinal purposes.

Also a large stock of excellent Wines, for medicinal purposes, together with a lot of the best old Rye Whiskey to be found in the country.

Altoona, May 27, 1859.-1y] JOHN BOWMAN.

THE GREAT QUESTION WHICH now agitates the mind of every person is, where can I get the best article for my money? In regard to other matters, the subscribers would not attempt to direct, but if you want anything in the line of

BOOTS OR SHOES

he invites an examination of his stock and work.

He keeps constantly on hand an assortment of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., which he offers at fair prices.

He will give special attention to custom work, all of which will be warranted to give satisfaction. None but the best workmen are employed

Remember my shop is on Virginia street, immediately opposite Keefer's Drug Store.

[September 8, '57-tf] JOHN H. ROBERTS.

Bakery and Grocery Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER KEEPS CONSTANTLY on hand

Fresh-Baked Bread, Cakes, &c.

FEED, BACON, FLOUR, GROCERIES,

Also, a choice lot of SEGARS and TOBACCO.

JACOB RINK,

Nov. 10. Virginia Street, below Annie Street.

DRS. CONRAD & CAMERON RESPECTFULLY offer their professional services to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity. Office on Railroad street, two doors east of the Red Lion Hotel, where they may be consulted at all hours, except when professionally engaged.

Sept. 6, 1860-tf.

PROF. L. MILLER'S HAIR INVIGORATOR!!!

AN EFFECTIVE, SAFE AND ECONOMICAL COMPOUND,

FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR to its original color without dyeing, and preventing the hair from turning grey.

FOR PREVENTING BALDNESS, and curing it, when there is the least particle of vitality or recuperative energy remaining.

FOR REMOVING SOURP AND DANDRUFF, and all cutaneous affections at the Scalp.

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR, imparting to it an unequalled gloss and brilliancy, making it soft and silky in its texture and causing it to curl readily.

The great celebrity and the increasing demand for this unequalled preparation, convince the proprietor that one trial is only necessary to satisfy a discerning public of its superior qualities over any other preparation at present in use. It cleanses the head and scalp from *dandruff and other cutaneous diseases*, causes the hair to grow luxuriently, and gives it a rich, soft, glossy flexible appearance, and also where the hair is loosening and thining, it will give strength and vigor to the roots, and restore the growth to those parts which have become bald, causing it to yield a *fresh covering of hair*.

There are hundreds of ladies and gentlemen in New York who have had their hair restored by the use of this Invigorator, when all other preparations had failed. L. M. has in his possession letters innumerable testifying to the above facts, from persons of the highest respectability. It will effectually prevent the *hair from turning gray* until the latest period of life; and in cases where the hair has already changed its color, the use of this Invigorator will with certainty *restore it to its original hue*, giving it a dark, glossy appearance. As a perfume for the toilet and a Hair Restorative it is particularly recommended, having an agreeable fragrance; and the great facilities it affords in *dressing the hair*, which, when moist with the Invigorator can be dressed in any required form so as to preserve its place, whether plain or in curls—hence the great demand for it by the ladies as a *standard toilet article* which none ought to be without, as the price places it within the reach of all, being.

ONLY 25 CENTS

per bottle, to be had at all respectable druggists and perfumers.

L. MILLER would call the attention of Parents and Guardians to the use of the Invigorator, in cases where the childrens' Hair inclines to be weak. The use of it lays the foundation for a *good head of hair*, as it removes any impurities that may have become connected with the scalp, the removal of which is necessary both for the health of the child, and the future appearance of its Hair.

CAUTION.—None genuine without the fac simile LOUIS MILLER being on the outer wrapper; also, L. MILLER'S HAIR INVIGORATOR, N. Y. blown in the glass.

Wholesale Depot. 56 Dey St., and sold by all the principal Merchants and Druggists throughout the world.

Liberal discount to purchasers by the quantity.

I also desire to present to the American Public my

New and Improved Instantaneous

LIQUID HAIR DYE

which after years of scientific experimenting I have brought to perfection. It dyes Black or Brown instantly without injury to the Hair or Skin, warranted the best article of the kind in existence.

Price, Only 50 Cents.

Aug. 23, '60-1y. Depot. 56 Dey St., New York.

GROCERY, PROVISION, AND WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD INform the public that he has purchased the interest of A. MILLIRON in the Grocery and Provision Store heretofore kept by them on Virginia street, below Caroline St., where he will continue the business, and will keep constantly on hand a large supply of

FLOUR, HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,
DRIED BEEF, FISH, SALT, MOLASSES, COFFEE, TEA,
SUGAR, SPICES, CONFECTIONARIES,

and everything usually kept in Grocery and Provision Stores, all of which he receives fresh from the eastern and western cities, and will sell at the most reasonable prices.

Having recently obtained license to sell liquor by wholesale, I will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of liquors of the best qualities to be had,

I respectfully solicit a share of public custom.

July 12, 1860.-6m. J. BERKOWITZ.

RED LION HOTEL,
ALTOONA, BLAIR COUNTY, PA.

The old established and popular HOTEL, located nearly opposite the place of stopping the passenger cars in Altoona, has passed into the hands of the present proprietor.—Long experience in the business warrants me in assuring the travelling public that no pains will be spared to render guests as comfortable as possible while sojourning under my roof.

The TABLE will constantly be supplied with the very best the market affords.

The BAR will be found to contain an excellent assortment of LIQUORS of all kinds, including that choice beverage *LAGER BEER*.

The STABLE is in charge of an excellent and experienced Ostler.

The proprietor hopes, by his long experience in the business and the facilities at his command, to make the Red Lion, in all respects, a first class Hotel. The business of the Hotel will be under my own personal supervision. A liberal share of public patronage is kindly solicited.

JOHN W. SCHWEIGERT, *Proprietor*.

May 19, 1859.-tf

☞ *To Persons out of Employment.* ☜

AGENTS WANTED,

In every County of the United States,

TO ENGAGE IN THE SALE OF some of the best and most elegantly illustrated works published.

Our publications are of the most interesting character, adapted to the wants of the Farmer, Mechanic and Merchant; they are published in the best style and bound in the most substantial manner, and are worthy a place in the library of every household in the land.

☞ To men of enterprise and industrious habits, this business offers an opportunity for profitable employment seldom to be met with.

☞ Persons desiring to act as agents will receive promptly by mail full particulars, terms, &c., by addressing

LEARY, GETZ & Co., *Publishers*,
No. 221, North Second Street, Philadelphia.

Nov. 25th, '60—6m.

LANDS! LANDS!! LANDS!!!

The undersigned is prepared to locate LAND WARRANTS in the Omaha and Nebraska City Land Offices.—Good selections can now be made near the large streams and settlements. The Lands of this Territory, now in Market, are of the best quality.

☞ Selections carefully made. Letters of inquiry requested. ALEX. F. McKINNEY,

OREAPOLIS, Cass County, N. Ter.

July 14, 1859.-tf

REFERENCES:

Rev. A. B. CLARK, Altoona, Pa.
Wm. M. LLOYD & Co., Bankers, Altoona, Pa.
McCRUM & DERN, Editors, "
THOS. A. SCOTT, Supt. P. R. R., "
D. McMURTRIE, Esq., Huntingdon, Pa.

SPECTACLES AND EYE PRESERvers for sale at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

S. M. WOODKOK. ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.,

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SEVERAL Courts of Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon counties.

Having had several years' experience in the practice of the Law, he expects to merit public patronage.

Office on ANNIE STREET, 3 doors above the Post Office. Sept. 6, 1860.-tf.

W. M. LLOYD & CO.,
ALTOONA, PA.,

JOHNSTON, JACK & CO.,
HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.,

BANKERS.

(Late "Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co.")

DRAFTS ON THE PRINCIPAL Cities, and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made. Moneys received on deposite, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates. Feb. 3d, 1859.

G. W. KESSLER—PRACTICAL DRUGGIST, respectfully announces to the citizens of Altoona and the public generally, that he still continues the Drug business, on Virginia street, where he keeps constantly on hand, for sale, Wholesale and Retail, DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, OILS, VARNISHES and DYE-STUFFS.

By strict attention to business, and a desire to render satisfaction to all as regards price and quality, he hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

Physicians and merchants supplied on reasonable terms, and all orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded. [1-tf.

WM. S. BITTNER, SURGEON DENTIST.

OFFICE IN THE MASONIC TEMPLE. [Dec. 23, '58.-tf.

☞ A Student wanted.

J. G. ADLUM, NOTARY PUBLIC,

ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.

Can at all times be found at the store of J. B. Hileman. October 1, 1857.

HAIR OILS, COLOGNES, POMades, Shaving Cream, Toilet Soaps, &c. for sale by [1-tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS and PHŒNIX BITTERS.

THESE MEDICINE HAVE NOW been before the public for a period of thirty years, and during that time have maintained a high character in almost every part of the globe, for their extraordinary and immediate power of restoring perfect health to persons suffering under nearly every kind of disease to which the human frame is liable.

The following are among the distressing variety of human diseases in which the

VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES

are well known to be infallible:

DYSPEPSIA, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure, healthy bile, instead of the stale and acrid kind; FLATULENCY, Loss or Appetite, Heartburn, Headache, Restlessness, Ill Temper, Anxiety, Langour, and Melancholy, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure.

COSTIVENESS, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines with a solvent process, and without violence; all violent purges leave the bowels costive within two days.

FEVERS of all kinds, by restoring the blood to a regular circulation, through the process of respiration in such cases, and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstruction in others.

The Life Medicines have been known to cure RHEUMATISM permanently in three weeks, and GOUT in half that time, by removing local inflammation from the muscles and ligaments of the joints.

DROPSIES of all kinds, by freeing and strengthening the kidneys and bladder; they operate most delightfully on these important organs, and hence have ever been found a certain remedy for the worst cases of GRAVEL.

Also WORMS, by dislodging from the turnings of the bowels the slimy matter to which these creatures adhere.

SCURVY, ULCERS, and INVETERATE SORES, by the perfect purity which these LIFE MEDICINES give to the blood, and all the humors.

SCORBUTIC ERUPTIONS and BAD COMPLEXIONS, by their alterative effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, and the morbid state of which occasions all eruptive complaints, sallow, cloudy, and other disagreeable complexions.

The use of these Pills for a very short time will effect an entire cure of SALT RHEUM, and a striking improvement in the clearness of the skin. COMMON COLDS and INFLUENZA will always be cured by one dose, or by two in the worst cases.

PILES.—The original proprietor of these medicines, was cured of Piles, of 25 years standing, by the use of the Life Medicines alone.

FEVER & AGUE.—For this scourge of the Western country, these medicines will be found a safe, speedy and certain remedy. Other medicines leave the system subject to a return of the disease—a cure by these medicines is permanent—try them, be satisfied, and be cured.

BILLIOUS FEVERS and LIVER COMPLAINTS.—General debility, loss of appetite and diseases of females—the medicines have been used with the most beneficial results in cases of this description.—Rings Evil and Scrofula, in its worst forms, yields to the mild yet powerful action of these remarkable Medicines. Night Sweats. Nervous Debility, Nervous Complaints of all kinds. Palpitation of the Heart. Painters' Colic, are speedily cured.

MERCURIAL DISEASES.—Persons whose constitutions have become impaired by the injudicious use of Mercury, will find these medicines a perfect cure, as they never fail to eradicate from the system all the effects of Mercury, infinitely sooner than the most powerful preparation of Sarsaparilla.

Prepared and sold by W. B. MOFFAT.
335 Broadway, New York.
For sale by all Druggists. [Sept. 13, 1860-1y.

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK.

R. A. O. KERR HAS JUST RETURNED from New York City with a beautiful assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

consisting in part of

Fancy Winter Silks, only 65 cents per yard,
Black Dress Silks " $1.20 *per yard.*
Japanese Cloth—a beautiful fabric for ladies' dresses—Mexican Plaids.

Poil de Chevres, a most complete assortment of the latest patterns of Delaines, Opera Cloth, plain Delaines only 29 cents per yard, they have always been sold at 25 cts. in this market. Also a beautiful assortment of the challenged Wamsutta Prints, now acknowledged to be the best prints in market, and a handsome assortment of fast colored prints from 6 to 10 cts per yard,

Shawls, Cloaks, Opera Caps,

Woolen Undersleeves for ladies and children, an unsurpassed stock of Hosiery, together with an abundance and variety of everything in the Notion and Trimming line.

He calls special attention to his beautiful assortment of

QUEENSWARE,

which is acknowledged to be the most complete of any in the town, and sold at prices defying competition. Tea sets, consisting of 46 pieces, sold at $4 00.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

directly from New York, and bought from first hand

BRUSSELS, ALL WOOL, INGRAIN, LIST, HEMP AND RAG CARPETS,

OIL CLOTHS from 1 to 2 yards wide.

His stock of

GROCERIES

is complete in every respect, and will be sold at as low a figure as any house this side of the city.

Oct. 11, 1860.

PATENT KEROSENE OR CARBON OIL LAMPS!

Unrivaled in Beauty, Simplicity Safety or Economy.

Every person desiring to obtain the very best and cheapest portable light within their reach, should call at the store of the undersigned and examine these Lamps before purchasing elsewhere, and we pledge ourselves to demonstrate

1st. That NO ACCIDENT can occur by explosion.
2d. That they emit no offensive odor while burning.
3d. That they are very easily trimmed.
4th. That they are easily regulated to give more or less light.
5th. That they burn entirely free from smoke.
6th. That the light is at least 50 per cent. cheaper than any other light now in common use.

These lamps are admirably adapted for the use of Students, Mechanics, Seamstresses, Factories, Halls, Churches, Stores, Hotels, and are highly recommended for family use.

The burner of the Carbon Oil Lamp can be attached to old side, hanging and table fluid and oil lamps, at a small expense, and will answer every purpose of a new lamp.

We guarantee perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Aug. 19, 1858-tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

SOMETHING NEW.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST returned from the east where he has purchased a very large and fine stock of

BOOTS & SHOES,

Brogans, Gaiters, &c.,

which he is prepared to offer to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity at very low prices. Having purchased direct from the manufacturers for cash, he is prepared to sell at prices that will defy competition. All that he asks is that the people will call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ BOOTS and SHOES made to order on the most reasonable terms. Also, repairing promptly attended to.

Don't forget the place, two doors below Post Office.

Jan. 3, 1861. M. THOMPSON, *Agent.*

Literary Emporium and News Depot

CONFECTIONARY, SEGAR, TOBACCO,

JEWELRY & VARIETY STORE.

THE SUBSCRIBER CONTINUES to keep constantly on hand all the best literary papers and periodicals, daily papers from Philadelphia, New York and Pittsburgh, together with a good assortment of Books. All the School Books used in this place and vicinity always on hand.

Also, a choice lot of Confectionaries, and knick knacks of all kinds for children. Also the best Tobacco & Segars to be had in town, together with a fine assortment of Gold and Silver Pencils, Gold Rings and other articles of Jewelry. Call and examine.

H. FETTINGER.
Altoona, July 20, '60-1y. *No. 1 Altoona House.*

CANCER INSTITUTE.

After many years of successful practice, DR. KELLING still desires to do good to the afflicted. He continues to cure all kinds of

CANCERS, TUMORS, WENS, SCROFULA, or KINGS EVIL, SORES, &C.,

If curable, without cutting or poison. He does not confine himself merely to the cure of the above diseases, but will treat all others with success. Patients will be visited, if desired, a reasonable distance. Persons desiring to visit Dr. K. will please stop at the Railroad Hotel in Mechanicsburg, where they will be directed to his residence. For all particulars write—state diseases plainly. Enclose a postage stamp to prepay answer. Address Dr. C. L. KELLING, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland Co., Pa.

Sept. 13, 1860-6m

D. E. GOOD, M. D. J. M GEMMILL, M. D

DRS. GOOD & GEMMILL HAVING entered into Partnership in the Practice of Medicine, respectfully tender their services to the Public in the several branches of their Profession.

Calls will be answered either day or night at their office —which is the same as heretofore occupied by Drs. Hirst & Good,—or at the Logan House.

April 21st, 1859 3m

GREAT WESTERN INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.—Insurance on Real or personal property will be effected on the most reasonable terms by their agents in Altoona at his office in Anna St

March 17, 1859. JOHN SHOEMAKER, Agent.

OYES! O YES!—GENTLEMEN draw nigh and hear. JOSEPH P. TROUT announces to the public, that he is ready to discharge his duty as an Auctioneer whenever called upon. [Jan. 2'56.

GROCERIES.—A LARGE AND complete assortment of Groceries have just been received at the store of J. B. HILEMAN.

D. MOTT'S CHALYBEATE RESTORATIVE PILLS OF IRON

An aperient and stomachic preparation of Iron purified of Oxygen and Carbon by combustion in Hydrogen. Sanctioned by the highest Medical Authorities, both in Europe and the United States, and prescribed in their practice.

The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and otherwise sickly complexions indicate its necessity in almost every conceivable case.

In Debility, Nervous Affections, Emaciation, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Incipient Consumption, Scrofulous Tuberculosis, Salt Rheum, Mismenstruation, Whites, Chlorosis, Liver Complaints, Chronic Headaches, Rheumatism, Intermittent Fevers, Pimples on the Face, &c.

In cases of General Debility, whether the result of acute disease, or of the continued diminution of nervous and muscular energy from chronic complaints, one trial of this restorative has proved successful to an extent which no description nor written attestation would render credible.—Invalids so long bed ridden as to have become forgotten in their own neighborhoods have suddenly re-appeared in the busy world as if just returned from a protracted travel in a distant land. Some very signal instances of this kind are attested by female sufferers, emaciated victims of apparent marasmus, sanguineous exhaustion, critical changes, and the complication of nervous and dyspeptic aversion to air and exercise, for which the physician has no name.

In Nervous Affections of all kinds, and the reasons familiar to medical men, the operation of this preparation of Iron must necessarily be salutary, for, unlike the old exhibits, it is vigorously tonic, without being exciting nor overheating; and gently, regularly aperient, even in the most obstinate cases of costiveness without ever being a gastric purgative, or inducing a disagreeable sensation.

It is this latter property, among others, which makes it so remarkably effectual as a permanent a remedy for *Piles*, upon which it also appears to exert a distinct and specific action, by dispersing the local tendency which forms them.

In Dyspepsia, functionable as are its causes, a single box of these Chalybeate Pills has often sufficed for the most habitual cases, including the attendant *Costiveness*.

In unchecked Diarrhœa, even when advanced to Dysentery, confirmed, emaciating, and apparently malignant, the effects have been equally decisive and astonishing.

In the local pains, loss of flesh and strength, debilitating cough, and remittent hectic, which generally indicate Incipient Consumption, this remedy has allayed the alarm of friends and physicians, in several very gratifying and interesting instances.

In Scrofulous Tuberculosis, this medicated iron has had far more than the good effect of the most cautiously balanced preparations of iodine, without any of their well-known liabilities.

The attention of females cannot be too confidently invited to this *remedy* and *restorative*, in the cases peculiarly afflicting them.

In Rheumatism, both chronic and inflammatory—in the latter, however, more decidedly—it has been invariably well reported of, both as alleviating the pain and reducing the swellings and stiffness of the joints and muscles.

In intermittent Fevers it must necessarily be a great remedy and energetic restorative, and its progress in the new settlements of the West, will probably be one of high renown and usefulness.

No remedy has been discovered in the whole history of medicine, which exerts such prompt, happy, and fully restorative effects. Good appetite, complete digestion, rapid acquisition of strength, with an unusual disposition for active and cheerful exercise, immediately follow its use.

Put up in flat metal boxes containing 50 pills, price 50 cents per box; for sale by druggists and dealers. Will be sent free to any address on receipt of the price. All letters, orders, etc., should be addressed to

H. F. LOCKE & CO., GENERAL AGENTS,
July 19, 1860.-1y. 20 Cedar St., New York.

Salt River Passengers, Ho!

AS THE SUBSCRIBER WILL BE under the necessity of leaving early in November for the head waters of Salt River, in the ship UNION, which will *positively* sail about that time; and knowing that many of my friends will go along and will want an outfit, I take this opportunity of informing them as well as all my old friends and customers, that I have just returned from the East, where I purchased a large stock of Goods, which I am now opening at my store in North Ward, to which I invite inspection. It is the

LARGEST AND HANDSOMEST

as well as the CHEAPEST lot of Goods brought to the town this fall. The reason why I say the CHEAPEST is obvious to every reflecting mind, because as the season advances the merchants in the east say) prices decline, therefore I have an advantage of from 20 to 25 per cent. over those who purchased early in the season, and I can and will sell cheaper than any other house in the place. Purchasers will find it since see the propriety of at least examining my stock before buying elsewhere. My stock consists of all the newest styles of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

for the season, also a full assortment of

GROCERIES, BOOTS AND SHOES,

LADIES' SHAKER BONNETS,

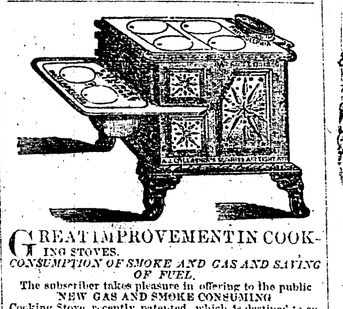
Misses' Felt and Straw Hats,

and everything in the line of Dry Goods and Notions which it is unnecessary to enumerate. All of which will be sold for cash, or to prompt paying monthly customers, or exchanged for all articles of Produce which can be consumed here or exchanged for goods in the East.

A. McCORMICK.

N. B.—The subscriber has arrangements in the East by which he can supply any article at short notice.

Altoona, Oct. 25, 1860. A. McCORMICK.



GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN COOKING STOVES.

CONSUMPTION OF SMOKE AND GAS AND SAVING OF FUEL.

The subscriber takes pleasure in offering to the public NEW GAS AND SMOKE CONSUMING Cooking Stove, recently patented, which is destined to supercede all others, as it requires

ONE-THIRD LESS FUEL

than other stoves and is more easily, quickly and regularly heated. No unpleasant smell or gas arises from this stove from the fact that it is all consumed ere it can escape. There is no trouble from smoke as that unpleasant and often annoying exhalation is also consumed inside of the stove. Neither is there any danger of flues or chimneys becoming clogged with soot or the mortar loosened by the gas arising from coal fires.

Persons wishing to purchase stoves are invited to call at the store of the subscriber, in the Masonic Temple, and examine the above stoves. JOHN SHOEMAKER.

Sole Agent for Blair County.

N. B. All kinds of Air-tight, Parlor Cooking and Egg Stoves on hand. [Aug. 12, 1856.

MORE GOOD NEWS!

The undersigned has just received from the East a large and varied assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

consisting of

Cloths, Cassimeres, and VESTING,

material for

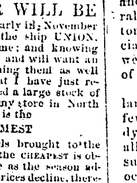
FINE AND COARSE OVERCOATS,

material for

BOYS' CLOTHING,

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

such as Undershirts, Drawers, Suspenders, Neck-ties, Handkerchiefs &c., &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices.



All work ordered will be made up in the very best style, according to the latest fashions, on short notice.

Nov. 1, 1860-tf THOMAS ELWAY.

BLAIR COUNTY INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, Agent of the Blair County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property*, of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any Company in the State. Office with Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co.

D. T. CALDWELL, *Agent.*

Jan. 27, '59-tf

LYCOMING COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned agent of the Lycoming Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property* of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any company in the State. Office in the Masonic Temple.

Jan. 3, '56-tf JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agent.*

FLOUR.—THE BEST QUALITY OF FAMILY FLOUR for sale, Wholesale and Retail.—Apply to J. SHOEMAKER,

Dec. 11, 1856-tf. Masonic Temple.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

The proprietors and manufacturers of HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS can appeal with perfect confidence to physicians and citizens generally of the United States, because the article has attained a reputation heretofore unknown. A few facts upon this point will speak more powerfully than volumes of bare assertion or blazoning puffery. The consumption of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters for the last year amounted to over a half-million bottles, and from its manifest steady increase in times past, it is evident that during the coming year, the consumption will reach near one million bottles. This immense amount could never have been sold but for the rare medicinal properties contained in the preparation, and the sanction of the most prominent physicians in those sections of the country where the article is best known, who not only recommend the Bitters to their patients, but are ready at all times to give testimonials to its efficacy in all cases of stomachic derangements and the diseases resulting therefrom.

This is not a temporary popularity, obtained by extraordinary efforts in the way of trumpeting the qualities of the Bitters, but a solid estimation of an invaluable medicine, which is destined to be as enduring as time itself.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters have proved a Godsend to regions where fever and ague and various other bilious complaints have counted their victims by hundreds. To be able to state confidently that the "Bitters" are a certain cure for the Dyspepsia and like diseases, is to the proprietors a source of unalloyed pleasure. It removes all morbid matter from the stomach, purifies the blood, and imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving it that tone and energy indispensable for the restoration of health. It operates upon the stomach, liver, and other digestive organs, mildly but powerfully, and soon restores them to a condition essential to the healthy discharge of the functions of nature.

Elderly persons may use the Bitters daily as per directions on the bottle, and they will find in it a stimulant peculiarly adapted to comfort declining years, as it is pleasant to the palate, invigorating to the bowels, excellent as a tonic, and rejuvenating generally. We have the evidence of thousands of aged men and women who have experienced the benefit of using this preparation while suffering from stomach derangements and general debility; acting under the advice of physicians, they have abandoned all deleterious drugs and fairly tested the merits of this article. A few words to the gentler sex. There are certain periods when their cares are so harassing that many of them sink under the trial. The relation of mother and child is so assortingly tender, that the mother, especially if she be young, is apt to forget her own health in her extreme anxiety for her infant. Should the period of maternity arrive during the summer season, the wear of body and mind is generally aggravated. Here, then, is a necessity for a stimulant to recuperate the energies of the system, and enable the mother to bear up under her exhausting trials and responsibilities. Nursing mothers generally prefer the Bitters to all other invigorators that receive the endorsement of physicians, because it is agreeable to the taste as well as certain to give a permanent increase of bodily strength.

All those persons, to whom we have particularly referred above, to wit: sufferers from fever and ague, caused by malaria, diarrhœa, dysentery, indigestion, loss of appetite, and all diseases or derangements of the stomach, superannuated invalids, persons of sedentary occupation, and nursing mothers, will consult their own physical welfare by giving to Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters a trial.

CAUTION.—We caution the public against using any of the many imitations or counterfeits, but ask for HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, and see that each bottle has the words "Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters" blown on the side of the bottle, and stamped on the metallic cap covering the cork, and observe that our autograph signature is on the label.

☞ Prepared and sold by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa., and sold by all druggists, grocers, and dealers generally throughout the United States, South America, and Germany.

For sale by A. ROUSH, Altoona, Pa.
Sept. 20, 1860-1y.

HOLIDAYSBURG MARBLE WORKS

JOHN McKEAGE, successor to A. W. Kinney, manufacturer of all kinds of MARBLE WORK, PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL MARBLE WORK. All work finished at the lowest possible prices. All work warranted to give satisfaction.

Hollidaysburg, Dec. 20, 1858-tf.

HO! FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

THE UNDERSIGNED ANNOUNces to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has just received a large invoice of

Fruit, Confectionaries, Nuts, Spices

and notions for children &c., expressly for the Holidays.

He will also keep always on hand a good stock of plain and fancy cakes, of his own manufacture.

LEMONS, PRUNES, RAISINS &C.,

always on hand at all seasons of the year.

Coffee, Teas, Sugar, Molasses, Butter,

EGGS, GOOD WHITE WHEAT FLOUR,

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, CORN MEAL, &C.,

always in store and for sale in large or small quantities.

Call, examine and price my stock and you will find it as good and cheap as any in town.

Dec. 20, '60-1y.] JACOB WISE.

WM. SCHOMAKER. WM. F. LANG.

SCHOMAKER & LANG, WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, BACON,

Provisions, Cheese, Iron,

Nails, Glass, Brooms, Yarns, &c.

No. 303 Liberty Street,

Fov. 1-3m PITTSBURGH, PA.

BLAIR COUNTY DAGUERREAN ROOMS.—Mr. G. W. FISHER, the Hollidaysburg Artist, begs leave to inform our readers that he is prepared to take

Photographs of deceased persons,

from Daguerreotypes, at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. He has just received a large stock of durable and neat cases, of all sizes and styles, including a new pattern of Family Case for four persons, and is prepared to fill them with perfect likenesses.

AMBROTYPE, DAGUERREOTYPE OR PHOTOGRAPH.

Give him a call. Rooms on the corner of Montgomery and Allegheny streets, Hollidaysburg, Pa. [June 17-tf.

HAIR, HAT, TOOTH, SHAVING, Paint, Sash and Varnish Brushes at KESSLER'S.

MOTHERS

Thousands are daily speaking in the praise of DR. EATON'S

INFANTILE CORDIAL,

and why? because it *never fails to afford instantaneous relief* when given in time. It acts as if by magic, and one *trial alone* will convince you that what we say is true. It contains

NO PAREGORIC OR OPIATE

of *any* kind, and therefore relieves by *removing the sufferings* of your child, instead of by *deadening its sensibilities*. For this reason, it commends itself as the *only reliable preparation* now known for CHILDREN TEETHING, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, GRIPING IN THE BOWELS, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, WIND, COLD IN THE HEAD, and CROUP, also, for *softening the gums, reducing inflammation, regulating the Bowels, and relieving pain*. It has *no equal*—being an extinguisher to it is used with *unfailing success* in all cases of CONVULSIONS OR OTHER FITS. *It you value the life and health of your children, and wish to save them from those sad and blighting consequences which are certain to result from the use of narcotics of which all